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Eastern Europe

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SOCIALIST BANK EXPERTS CONFER IN PRAGUE

Meeting With Kempny

AU261430 Bratislava PRAVDA in Slovak 25 Sep 79 p 1 AU

[CTK report: "On the Banks' Role"]

[Text] Prague, CTK--J. Kempny, CPCZ Central Committee Presidium member and secretary, yesterday [24 September] received V. Alkhimov, chairman of the USSR State Bank; A. Belichenko, chairman of the International Investment Bank; and K. Nazarkin, chairman of the International Bank for Economic Cooperation [IBEC]; as well as R. Leone, minister-chairman of the Cuban National Bank; and S. Potac, chairman of the Czechoslovak State Bank, on the occasion of the 50th session of the IBEC Council and the 24th session of the Council of CEMA's International Investment Bank, which are being held in Prague. In a friendly talk they assessed matters of activating the utilization of foreign currency and financial instruments in the process of socialist economic integration, as well as the tasks of international socialist banks in the coming period.

Meeting With Strougal

LD260535 Prague Domestic Service in Czech 1430 GMT 25 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Federal Premier Lubomir Strougal received in the Hrzan Palace in Prague today the chairmen of the central banks of the CEMA member countries, who are in Prague to attend the 24th session of the Council of the International Investment Bank and the jubilee 50th session of the Council of the International Bank for Economic Cooperation.

In his conversation with them, the federal premier stressed the importance and role of both banks in the implementation of socialist economic integration, in the realization of important investment undertakings, in building the common interest of the CEMA countries, and in supporting foreign trade and payment turnover. He recalled, at the same time, the role of the banks in actively promoting the qualitative aspect of economic development and in raising the effectiveness of economic production units and enterprises.

At the close, Comrade Lubomir Strougal wished the members of the bank councils much success in their important deliberations.

BULGARIAN, ROMANIAN, YUGOSLAV MINISTERS MEET IN ROMANIA

AU282106 Sofia BTA in English 1925 GMT 28 Sep 79 AU

[Text] Drobeta-Turna Severin (Romania), September 28 (BTA correspondent)--A tripartite meeting of Mr Andrey Lukanov, deputy-chairman of the Bulgarian Ministerial Council, Mr Virgil Trofin, deputy premier of the Romanian Government, and Mr Ivan Stambolic, chairman of the Executive Council of the Socialist Republic of Serbia, began at Drobeta-Turnu Severin today.

Mr Andrey Lukanov is accompanied by Mr Nikola Todoriev, minister of power supply.

Views will be exchanged at the tripartite meeting on questions of mutual interest in connection with the construction of hydroengineering projects on the Danube. The meeting continues tomorrow.

End of Talks

AU291530 Sofia BTA in English 1430 GMT 29 Sep 79 AU

[Text] Drobeta-Turno Severin, Sept 29 (BTA special corr. Goran Gotev)--A working meeting was held in Drobeta-Turno Severin on September 28 and 29 between Mr Andrey Lukanov, deputy chairman of the Bulgarian Ministerial Council, Mr Virgil Trofin, deputy prime minister of Romania and Mr Ivan Stambolic, chairman of the Executive Council of the Assembly of the Socialist Republic of Serbia, to survey issues of common interest pertaining to the construction of the Nikopol-Turnu Magurele hydro-engineering complex and the "Zhelezni Vrata 2" hydro-power and navigation system.

The talks stuck to the instructions of the three countries' party leaders and heads of state Mr Todor Zhivkov, Mr Nicolae Ceausescu and Mr Josip Broz Tito. Agreement was reached on most of the issues and measures and a concrete programme was laid down under which the efforts to solve all the existing problems will continue so that by the end of this year the tripartite documents can be drafted and concluded. They visited hydro-power stations and industrial plants on the Romanian bank of the River Danube and in the area of the "Zhelezni Vrata". The meetings and talks proceeded in busy atmosphere and a spirit of mutual respect and understanding, reaffirming the three sides' determination to further promote cooperation in harnessing the hydro potential of the Danube.

The meeting was also attended by the Bulgarian minister of power generation, Mr Nikola Todoriev; the Romanian minister of electric power, Mr Gheorghe Cioara; and the chairman of the Economic Chamber of the Socialist Republic of Serbia, Mr Mikojko Veljovic; and by the three countries' Bucharest, Sofia and Belgrade ambassadors.

WARSAW PACT MILITARY JOURNALISTS VARNA CONFERENCE ENDS

AU281355 Sofia Domestic Service in Bulgarian 1330 GMT 28 Sep 79 AU

[Text] The international conference of delegations of military journalists of the Warsaw Pact member countries ended in Varna today. Representatives of the military mass information media of Bulgaria, the GDR, Poland, Romania, the Soviet Union, Hungary and Czechoslovakia attended the conference. Experience was exchanged on intensifying the influence of the military mass information media and on increasing their role in patriotic and international education as well as on strengthening the defensive capability of the armed forces of the socialist community.

GDR TO INCREASE IMPORTS FROM CEMA COUNTRIES

LD292118 East Berlin Voice of the GDR Domestic Service in German 1000 GMT 29 Sep 79 LD

[Text] In the years ahead the GDR will meet its growing raw materials and energy requirements by increased imports from the CEMA countries. Deputy Chairman of the Council of Ministers Gerhard Weiss stressed that deliveries up to 1985 would be agreed on within the framework of the coordination of plans. Increased imports of raw materials, Gerhard Weiss said, presuppose corresponding reciprocal deliveries of machines, installations, chemical products and other goods. In addition, the GDR will continue to participate in the development and extension of capacities to assure stable sources of supply after 1980. Participation in the construction of the Soyuz natural gas pipeline and the Ust Ilimsk and Kiyembay combines in the USSR will pay off during the current 5-year plan. As in the past, the dominant role will be played by the large imports of fuel from the USSR. During the 1976-80 period they amounted to over 88 million tons of oil, 21.6 billion cubic meters of natural gas and 21 million tons of hard coal.

VIENNA TELEVISION INTERVIEWS CSSR DELEGATE TO MBFR

AU281340 Vienna Domestic Television Service in German 1830 GMT 27 Sep 79 AU

[Interview with Ambassador Emil Keblusek, head of the CSSR delegation to the 19th round of the MBFR talks in Vienna--date not given]

[Excerpt] Ambassador Keblusek, head of the Czechoslovak delegation replied to the question as to whether the delay in the ratification of SALT II by the U.S. Senate could affect the Vienna negotiations:

[Keblusek speaking in Russian, fading into German translation--recorded] The socialist countries believe that progress can be achieved in Vienna even without the ratification of SALT. Concrete concessions and results must be achieved on all levels of East-West talks because otherwise we would always be waiting for something else. Our talks in Vienna have been going on for 6 years already and the peoples of central Europe have a right to finally receive from us concrete results.

The central issue that has been discussed in Vienna in vain for years is the problem of the troop strengths in central Europe. NATO has calculated that the East has a military superiority of 150,000 men. The Eastern states deny this and refer to an approximate balance of military strengths in central Europe. The Warsaw Pact states have proposed that all states of the alliance, individually in keeping with their troop strengths, reduce military units. The NATO countries have rejected individual disarmament quotas and want to jointly fix their reduction contingents. [end recorded translation]

NEUES DEUTSCHLAND INTERVIEWS NEW HEAD OF MBFR DELEGATION

AU281819 East Berlin NEUES DEUTSCHLAND in German 27 Sep 79 p 6 AU

[Interview with the new head of the GDR'S MBFR delegation in Vienna, Ambassador Andre Wieland: "Preconditions for Success of the Vienna Negotiation: Head of the GDR Delegation on the 19th Round Which Opens Today"--no date or place given]

[Text] The 19th round of the Vienna negotiations on the mutual reduction of armed forces and armaments in central Europe starts today in the Austrian capital. NEUES DEUTSCHLAND talked with the newly appointed head of the GDR delegation in Vienna, Ambassador Andre Wieland, on the ideas guiding the socialist states.

"The new negotiations round in Vienna starts immediately before the 30th anniversary of the GDR'S founding. Permit me thus to point out the fundamental principle of our state's peace policy that war may never again emanate from German soil," Ambassador Wieland stated. "In the present international situation that means making even more energetic efforts to consolidate detente and achieve real progress in disarmament.

"The GDR, as was stated by SED Central Committee General Secretary and GDR State Council Chairman Erich Honecker, is ready for the most radical disarmament measures, if they are based on the principle of equal security. That also characterizes the attitude of the GDR delegation in the Vienna negotiations.

"Together with the Soviet Union and the other states of the socialist community, the GDR, as is known, has submitted realistic proposals acceptable to all sides. Those proposals of 8 June 1978, 30 November 1978 and 28 June of this year are decisive steps for the achievement of effective reduction measures.

They are constructive and honest offers to the Western participating states which take into account the experience gained in 6 years of complicated negotiations. The implementation would contribute to maintaining the existing military balance in central Europe with fewer soldiers and fewer weapons. Thus one is fully justified in saying: The preliminary conditions to finally moving on to concrete elaboration of an agreement are there.

"The decisive factor is the political will of all parties concerned for effective measures for the mutual reduction of armed forces and armaments. In Vienna we have to take over the relay baton from the successful SALT II negotiations.

"As far as the GDR is concerned it will strive--together with the other socialist states--for speedy success in the Vienna negotiations in the forthcoming round in the interest of all the peoples of Europe."

On the question as to how--in view of the far-reaching negotiation offers by the socialist states--the plans of influential NATO circles are to be seen to usher in a new phase of the arms race in Europe of all places, Ambassador Wieland said: "The demands of influential NATO circles, especially in the FRG, for an introduction of new weapons systems in Western Europe are dangerous in several aspects:

"The existing balance of the military forces in Europe would be altered in favor of NATO, and the potential threat to the Soviet Union and the other socialist states would be heightened considerably. That endangers the results achieved so far in detente in Europe and the possibilities created by the conclusion of SALT II for further measures to halt the arms race. Behind the demagogical slogan of 'rearmament' there is also a comprehensive concept which is hostile to detente and disarmament. It creates tension and mistrust instead of the urgently necessary trust and reasonable steps for military detente.

"The NATO plans are in unequivocal contradiction to the interests of the peoples of Europe, who rightly demand an effective reduction of the high concentration of military forces on our continent. They are obviously designed to create new, additional difficulties to the conclusion of reasonable agreements.

"A simple truth manifests itself here. He who puts his stake on rearmament naturally lacks the political readiness to reduce armed forces and armaments."

In conclusion, the head of the GDR delegation referred to what is now necessary to bring the negotiations in Vienna closer to an agreement. He stated: "The proposals of the socialist states are on the negotiating table. They prove that the socialist participating states have contributed an essential share for the elaboration of reduction agreements. Now it is up to the Western negotiation partners to give a realistic answer to our proposals.

"Above all it is necessary that the NATO states recognize the fact of the military balance of forces existing in central Europe and relinquish the absurd demand for a reduction by the socialist states which would be three and one-half times as large [as that of the West]. It is also indispensable that the FRG, the other Western European member states and Canada declare their readiness to assume equal obligations for the reduction of their armed forces and armaments. The NATO states could prove their political will for disarmament by giving a constructive reply to the socialist states' initiative at long last. Those are the basic questions which at present need an answer. It is the key to the settlement of all other questions. The socialist states are fully justified in raising these demands because they do not ask anything from their Western partners which they themselves are not ready to give."

REPORTAGE ON TODOR ZHIVKOV VISIT TO VIETNAM

28 September Sofia Departure

AU281946 Sofia Domestic Service in Bulgarian 1900 GMT 28 Sep 79 AU

[Text] At the invitation of the Vietnamese Communist Party Central Committee and of the Government of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam, a Bulgarian party-state delegation led by Comrade Todor Zhivkov left for Vietnam tonight or an official and friendly visit.

The Bulgarian delegation is composed of Petur Mladenov, BCP Central Committee Politburo member and minister of foreign affairs; Krustyu Trichkov, BCP Central Committee Politburo candidate member, deputy chairman of the Council of Ministers and chairman of the Bulgarian side of the Intergovernmental Bulgarian-Vietnamese Commission for Economic and Scientific-Technical Cooperation; Dimitur Stanishev, BCP Central Committee Secretary; Milko Balev, BCP Central Committee Secretary; Nacho Papazov, member of the BCP Central Committee Secretariat and chairman of the State Committee for Science and Technical Progress; Yanko Markov, secretary of the Bulgarian National Agrarian Union and minister of forests and forest industry; and Stoyan Konstantinov, Bulgarian ambassador to Vietnam.

At Sofia airport Comrade Todor Zhivkov and the officials accompanying him were cordially seen off by Aleksandur Lilov, Grisha Filipov, Dobri Dzhurov, Ivan Mikhaylov, Ognyan Doynov, Peko Takov, Petur Tanchev, Stanko Todorov, Todor Bozhivov, Tsola Dragoycheva, Georgi Yordanov, Drazha Vulcheva, Stoyan Karadzhov, Georgi Atanasov, Petur Dyulgerov, Misho Mishev, Vladimir Bonev, Georgi Dzhagarov and Mitko Grigorov, deputy chairmen of the State Council; Kiril Zarev and Grigor Stoichkov, deputy chairmen of the Council of Ministers; members of the State Council and of the government, secretaries and members of the Bulgarian National Agrarian Union Permanent Board, deputy chairmen of the National Assembly, chiefs of departments at the BCP Central Committee, chiefs of public, political and mass organizations.

29 September Hanoi Arrival

AU291545 Sofia BTA in English 1450 GMT 29 Sep 79 AU

[Text] Hanoi, Sept. 29 (BTA correspondents)--Today a Bulgarian party and state delegation headed by Mr. Todor Zhivkov, first secretary of the Central Committee of the Bulgarian Communist Party and president of the State Council of the People's Republic of Bulgaria, arrived on an official and friendly visit in Hanoi at the invitation of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Vietnam and the Government of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam.

The visit of the Bulgarian party and state delegation to Indochina comes as a fresh confirmation of the consistent and invariable policy of the Bulgarian Communist Party and the Bulgarian state, a policy of full support and combat solidarity with the peoples who fought out their national independence with countless victims and heroism and are now building up the new society, bravely defending their freedom and sovereignty from the aggressive actions of Peking's imperialism and hegemonism.

The visit of the Bulgarian delegation to the Socialist Republic of Vietnam is an expression of fraternal friendship and combat solidarity between the people of Bulgaria and Vietnam. Built up on the principles of Marxism-Leninism and socialist internationalism, this friendship is steadily growing, and the relations of cooperation between the two countries deepens.

The common ideology, the common targets which draw the two peoples together are actually the fertile soil on which new and better prospects for expansion and deepening of the ties of friendship and cooperation will undoubtedly open up before the Bulgarian and the Vietnamese people as a result of the meetings and talks between the Bulgarian party and state delegation and the Vietnamese party and state leaders.

The Bulgarian guests were met by the secretary general of the CC of the Communist Party of Vietnam, Mr Le Duan, members of the Politburo of the Central Committee of the party, secretaries of the Central Committee of the party, ministers and many other officials.

A meeting was held between Mr Todor Zhivkov and Mr Le Duan at which they had a brief friendly talk.

The meeting, which proceeded in cordial and friendly atmosphere, was also attended by the members of the Bulgarian party and state delegation and by leaders from the Communist Party of Vietnam and government officials.

In the evening, the Central Committee of the Vietnamese Communist Party and the Government of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam gave a reception for the party and state Bulgarian delegation, headed by the first secretary of the BCP CC and State Council President Todor Zhivkov. Speeches were delivered at the dinner.

Beginning of Talks

AU302016 Sofia BTA in English 1843 GMT 30 Sep 79 AU

[Excerpts] Hanoi, Sept. 30 (BTA correspondent)--The formal talks between a Bulgarian party and state delegation headed by Mr Todor Zhivkov, first secretary of the Central Committee of the Bulgarian Communist Party and president of the State Council of Bulgaria, and a Vietnamese party and state delegation headed by Mr Le Duan, secretary general of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Vietnam, began in the Presidential Palace this morning.

The Bulgaro-Vietnamese talks were dominated by the discussion of a wide range of issues pertaining to the promotion of Bulgaro-Vietnam relations and the furthering of cooperation between the two countries. Views are exchanged on topical problems of the international communist and workers' movement and on international affairs.

Mr Le Duan, secretary general of the CC of the communist party, spoke about the problems currently tackled in Vietnam under the leadership of the communist party on which decisions were taken at the 4th congress of the party. He dwelt in detail on the Vietnamese people's struggle against the imperialists and the Chinese aggressors, the struggle in protection of the independence and the territorial integrity of the country. Mr Le Duan expressed warm gratitude for the feelings of solidarity and the fraternal support and aid the Bulgarian Communist Party and the Bulgarian people are rendering to the people of Vietnam in their struggle for defense of their socialist homeland and in the socialist construction.

The leader of the Communist Party of Vietnam spoke also about the foreign policy pursued by the Socialist Republic of Vietnam aiming at the establishment of relations of friendship and cooperation with the Southeast Asian countries.

For his part Mr Todor Zhivkov reported on the successful translation of the decisions of the 11th BCP Congress and the national party conference into reality.

He spoke about the consistent foreign policy of the Bulgarian Communist Party and the Bulgarian state pursuing the strengthening and deepening of fraternal cooperation with the socialist countries, pursuing peace and security in the world.

Mr Todor Zhivkov reaffirmed the Bulgarian people's fraternal solidarity with the Vietnamese people's struggle for defence of the national independence, the sovereignty and the territorial integrity of their country.

Common satisfaction was expressed with the steadily growing cooperation between the two countries. An accent was laid on their mutual wish to further deepen this cooperation which is in the best interests of the Bulgarian and the Vietnamese people and which also contributes to the promotion of cooperation between the socialist community countries.

The talks passed off in cordial and fraternal atmosphere, in an atmosphere of agreement on the main bilateral and international issues.

ZHIVKOVA MEETS FOREIGN MINISTERS IN NEW YORK

AU291924 Sofia Domestic Service in Bulgarian 1900 GMT 29 Sep 79 AU

[Text] Today Lyudmila Zhivkova, leader of the Bulgarian delegation to the 34th session of the UN General Assembly, met Shah Wali, deputy prime minister and minister of foreign affairs of Afghanistan. Comrade Lyudmila Zhivkova also met and had talks with Jorge Castaneda, Mexican foreign minister, and with Willibald Pahr, Austrian foreign minister.

Comrade Lyudmila Zhivkova also met with the collective at Bulgaria's permanent representation to the United Nations and with the other representation bodies of the People's Republic of Bulgaria in New York.

CASTRO REFUTES ALLEGATION OF SOVIET TROOPS IN CUBA

AU301421 Sofia Domestic Service in Bulgarian 1730 GMT 29 Sep 79 AU

[Text] Fidel Castro, the Cuban leader, gave a major press conference in Havana, which was attended by many Western journalists.

Castro rejected Washington's allegation about the presence of Soviet troops in Cuba. Fidel Castro stressed that Soviet military personnel have been stationed at a training camp in Cuba since 1962, and that their function and number have not changed.

ZHIVKOV MEETS PDRY PRESIDENT IN SOFIA 26 SEPTEMBER

AU261945 Sofia BTA in English 1848 GMT 26 Sep 79 AU

[Text] Sofia, September 26 (BTA)--Today Mr Todor Zhivkov, first secretary of the CC of the BCP and president of the State Council, met the visiting here secretary general of the Socialist Party of Yemen and president of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Council of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen, Mr 'Abd al-Fatah Isma'il.

At the meeting, which proceeded in an exceptionally cordial atmosphere, the two party and state leaders informed each other of the tasks the BCP and the Socialist Party of Yemen, the People's Republic of Bulgaria and the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen are facing at present and exchanged views on some topical international problems, in particular on the Middle East situation.

Mr Todor Zhivkov expressed again the combat solidarity of the Bulgarian people with the struggle of the Arab people for a just settling of the Middle East crisis on the basis of the complete withdrawal of the Israeli troops from the Arab lands occupied in 1967, the realization of the indispensable legitimate rights of the Arab people of Palestine, including their right to self-determination and founding their own independent state.

Mr 'Abd al-Fatah Isma'il told of the struggle waged by the people of Yemen under the guidance of the Socialist Party of Yemen for a further consolidation of the political and economic independence of that country, of the efforts made by the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen to achieve unity of the Yemeni people on a patriotic, democratic and progressive basis, for frustrating the plans of imperialism, Zionism and reaction in the Middle East and the region of the Red Sea, for the consolidation of world peace. He assessed highly the peaceful and constructive foreign policy of the BCP and the Bulgarian Government on the Balkans, in Europe and the world, as well as the invariable solidarity and support of the Bulgarian working people to the just cause of the Arab nations and the struggle of the national liberation movements, fighting against imperialism, colonialism, neocolonialism, racism and apartheid.

During the talks Mr Todor Zhivkov highly assessed the heroic struggle of the people of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen against imperialism, Zionism and reaction, for frustrating the treacherous Egyptian-Israeli treaty, signed under the U.S. aegis, which actually represents another neocolonialist plot against the Arab peoples. He hailed the forthcoming 1st anniversary of the foundation of the Socialist Party of Yemen, under whose leadership Democratic Yemen is building successfully up a new society.

The two party leaders and heads of state expressed their conviction that staunch solidarity and unity of all the Arab states, of all revolutionary, patriotic and democratic forces in the Arab world on the bases provided by the decisions of the pan-Arab Baghdad conference for strengthening the links of cooperation between the Arab countries and with their natural allies--the socialist countries and first of all the Soviet Union--was needed to thwart imperialist and Zionist plots against the Arab national liberation movement.

On all the other international issues on the agenda, complete unity of stands was founded.

Mr Todor Zhivkov and Mr 'Abd al-Fatah Isma'il reviewed the implementation of the agreements the two countries had signed and were glad to establish that the relations of cooperation between the Bulgarian Communist Party and the Socialist Party of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen were making steady progress. They expressed the two parties and governments' readiness to further the development of all-round bilateral cooperation in a more dynamic manner which is to be in the interests of the two nations, in the interests of peace and security in the world.

SYRIAN ELECTRICITY MINISTER CONTINUES VISIT

Todorov Reception

AU281358 Sofia Domestic Service in Bulgarian 1330 GMT 28 Sep 79 AU

[Text] Stanko Todorov, chairman of the Council of Ministers, has received Ahmad 'Umar Yusuf, minister of electricity of the Syrian Arab Republic. 'Abd ar-Razzaq Shakir, Syrian ambassador to Bulgaria, also attended the talks.

Energy, Foreign Trade Meetings

AU282106 Sofia BTA in English 1853 GMT 28 Sep 79 AU

[Text] Sofia, Sept 28, (BTA)--For a week already Mr Ahmad 'Umar Yusuf, minister of electricity of the Arab Republic of Syria, has been visiting Bulgaria. He had talks with the Bulgarian minister of power generation, the minister of electronics and electrical engineering and meetings at the Ministry of Foreign Trade. Today he was received by the Bulgarian prime minister, Mr Stanko Todorov.

The Syrian guest showed interest in the Bulgarian experience in building up powerplants and power transmission lines. He was made familiar with the organization and operation of the Bulgarian atomic station and of several thermoelectric power stations. He visited plants manufacturing electro-engineering articles.

During his visit here, the possibilities were outlined for a Bulgaro-Syrian cooperation in the sphere of power generation. It is expected that prior to departure the Syrian minister will sign a protocol on the trends in that cooperation.

BENIN PARTY DELEGATION LEAVES 28 SEPTEMBER

AU282119 Sofia BTA in English 1848 GMT 28 Sep 79 AU

[Text] Sofia, Sept 28 (BTA)--A delegation of party workers from Benin's Party of the Popular Revolution visited Bulgaria from September 17 through 28 under the cooperation agreement between the Bulgarian Communist Party and the Party of Popular Revolution in Benin.

The delegation had meetings in the "Agriculture" and "Foreign Policy and International Relations" departments with the Central Committee of the Bulgarian Communist Party and at the Bulgarian agro-industrial union.

The guests from Benin visited the countries of Pleven, Razgrad, Varna and Sliven, where they were made familiar with the work of the county and municipal party committees and organizations in the spheres of socialist agriculture and toured agro-industrial complexes, industrial plants and historical sites.

Today, the delegation left the country.

DAILY HAILS AFGHANISTAN'S DETERMINATION FOR SOCIALISM

AU291655 Sofia RABOTNICHESKO DELO in Bulgarian 24 Sep 79 p 7 AU

[Article by Georgi Pirinski, member of the Presidium of the National Committee on Defense of Peace: "The People are Determined"]

[Excerpts] Casting off the hateful feudal oppression and slavery and marching towards a bright future, the Afghan people under the leadership of its People's Democratic Party are firmly determined to construct the new society without exploitation of man by man, a society of real freedom and social progress.

This was the first impression which we, the delegates to the International Conference of Solidarity with the People of Afghanistan, received at our first contacts and meetings with the working people of Kabul, and later on in the provinces.

The conference adopted several documents in which the delegates, supporting the achievements of the Afghan people, scored the interference of imperialsim in Afghanistan's internal affairs and called upon the peoples of Pakistan and Iran not to allow their countries to turn into shelters for the escaped bandits or to be a base for attacks against Afghanistan. It was stressed that the April revolution is an inspiring example for all those who want to break away from the feudal tyranny and construct their lives on a new basis of equality and mutual assistance.

With the implementation of the 5-year plan the people of Afghanistan will achieve many remarkable socioeconomic transformations. The imperialists have attempted several times to restore the government of the feudal lords and usurers.

Some of the U.S. and Chinese weapons used by imperialism's mercenaries against women, children and old people were exhibited in one of the hotel's halls. One weapon was seized from arrested bandits. There can be no doubt about the monstrous crimes performed by the bandits. The director of this shocking exhibition of weapons, pictures and documents which testify to the criminal character of the bandits' actions--a young teacher--told us about the liquidation of a gang that had occupied one of the hills near Kabul. He himself had taken part in the action.

The imperialists and their lackeys were not satisfied with sending bandits. Their propaganda machines are constantly pouring out lies and provocations against Afghanistan. The radio stations of Beijing, Islamabad, Tehran, the Voice of America, Deutsche Welle, and BBC do not stop the stream of lies and insinuations on the successes of the bandits. They report the occupation of large territories, and that provisional bandit regimes are being established in some provinces. Our hosts also allowed us to meet the working people of many populated areas in the provinces.

We left with the firm conviction that the people of Afghanistan are firm in their determination to defend the transformations of the April revolution with all means and forces, and that they are determined to construct its new life along the route of fraternal cooperation with the other socialist countries and all progressive and peace-loving forces throughout the world.

STATE ORGANS GREET PRC ON NATIONAL DAY

AU302014 Sofia BTA in English 1837 GMT 30 Sep 79 AU

[Text] Sofia, Sep, 30 (BTA)--The Bulgarian state and ministerial councils have sent the following telegram to the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress and the State Council of the People's Republic of China:

On behalf of the Bulgarian people, the State Council and the Ministerial Council of the People's Republic of Bulgaria, wish the Chinese people success and prosperity on the 30th anniversary of the proclamation of the People's Republic of China.

Influenced by the Great October Socialist Revolution, the people of China rose in a struggle for national and social liberation. The Bulgarian people, committed to the principles of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism, hail the Chinese revolution the victory of which was made possible through the all-round Soviet aid and as a result of the Soviet Union's decisive role in defeating fascism and the Japanese militarism.

The State Council and the Ministerial Council of the People's Republic of Bulgaria express hope that the relations between the People's Republic of Bulgaria and the People's Republic of China would develop on the principles of peaceful co-existence in the interest of the two peoples and in the interests of peace and security in the world.

TODOR BOZHINOV APPOINTED FIRST DEPUTY PREMIER

AU281937 Sofia Domestic Service in Bulgarian 1730 GMT 28 Sep 79 AU

[Text] The State Council has issued a decree appointing Todor Iliev Bozhinov, former deputy chairman of the Council of Ministers, as first deputy chairman of the Council of Ministers.

BCP POLITBURO DISCUSSES SHORTCOMING IN ENTERPRISES

AU281933 Sofia Domestic Service in Bulgarian 1730 GMT 28 Sep 79 AU

[Text] The BCP Central Committee Politburo has recently discussed the results of the inspections carried out by the Committee for State and People's Control on the fulfillment and accounting of the plan in the metal cutting plants state economic enterprise. In the Kliment Voroshilov electric appliances plant, in the Vasil Kolarov combine for the production of electric engines and in the combine for high voltage equipment in Tolbukhin, it established that violations of the state planning and financial discipline have been allowed to occur.

Instead of directing the efforts of the collectives to perfect the organization of production, to open further reserves and to fully utilize the powerful technical base, the enterprises' leaderships have taken the road of gross violation of state planning and financial discipline. That vicious manner of work and leadership has brought about a deterioration in production and in the financial state of the plants and enterprises as well as a nonfulfillment of contractual obligations and also caused damage to the national economy.

The Politburo decisively condemned the deeds as alien to the socialist principles of management, of socialist morale and norms of conduct.

The leaders of the appropriate party and economic organs and organizations that are guilty of the violations that have been allowed to occur are subject to punishment.

The Politburo has singled out the leadership of the Ministry of Machinebuilding and the Ministry of Electronics and Electric Engineering over the violations and obligated them to resolve the problems connected with perfecting the organization of production.

The Council of Ministers is expected to discuss the results of those inspections carried out by the Committee for State and People's Control and to draw the necessary conclusions and assessments in connection with fulfilling the appropriate party and government decisions and to undertake measures for improving the status of those organizations and enterprises.

REPORTAGE ON CHNOUPEK'S MEETING WITH UN MEMBERS

GDR, Polish Counterparts

LD281056 Prague CTK in English 0833 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] New York (CETEKA correspondent)--Czechoslovak Foreign Minister Bohuslav Chnoupek met here today with GDR Foreign Minister Oskar Fischer to discuss bilateral relations and some international issues concerning the current session of the UN General Assembly. Minister Chnoupek also met with Polish Foreign Minister Emil Wojtaszek. The two ministers stated that the results of the recent meeting between Gustav Husak and Edward Gierek have brought further impulses for mutually beneficial cooperation. They also discussed issues related to the UN General Assembly session.

Ethiopian Foreign Minister

LD291906 Prague CTK in English 1802 GMT 29 Sep 79 LD

[Text] New York (CETEKA correspondent)--Czechoslovak Foreign Minister Bohuslav Chnoupek and Ethiopian Foreign Minister Feleke Gedle-Giorgis exchanged views here on Saturday of relations between their countries. They also dealt with the implementation of the conclusions of talks between Czechoslovak President Gustav Husak and Chairman of the Provisional Military Administrative Council of Ethiopia Mengistu Haile Mariam in Prague last year. In this connection they highly appreciated the development of bilateral relations in the political, economic and cultural fields. The Czechoslovak foreign minister also met on Saturday with Belgian [as received] Foreign Minister Christoph van der Klaaw to deal with relations between Czechoslovakia and Belgium and discuss international topics.

Romania's Andrei, Jordan's Badran

LD301918 Prague CTK in English 1822 GMT 30 Sep 79 LD

[Text] New York (CETEKA correspondent)--Czechoslovak Foreign Minister Bohuslav Chnoupek met here on Sunday with Romanian Foreign Minister Stefan Andrei. They discussed questions concerning bilateral relations of their countries and exchanged views on international development. The Czechoslovak foreign minister also met here on Sunday with Jordanian Premier and Foreign Minister Mudar Badran. They discussed the development of relations between their countries and some international topics, especially the process of detente, disarmament and the liquidation of hotbeds in the Middle East and other parts of the world.

Hungarian, Other Counterparts

LD010956 Bratislava Domestic Service in Slovak 0600 GMT 1 Oct 79 LD

[Text] Minister of Foreign Affairs Bohuslav Chnoupek, who is heading a Czechoslovak delegation at the 34th session of the UN General Assembly, met Frigyes Puja, his Hungarian counterpart, in New York last night. During their talk they exchanged views on some questions concerning Czechoslovak-Hungarian relations and also discussed a number of international problems connected with the 34th UN General Assembly. Minister Chnoupek discussed similar problems with his counterparts from Iraq, Iceland and Singapore, whom he also met last night.

LEADERS CONGRATULATE YAR ON STATE HOLIDAY

AU281236 Prague RUDE PRAVO in Czech 26 Sep 79 p 1 AU

[CTK report: "On State Holiday"]

[Text] Prague, 25 September--CSSR President Gustav Husak has sent a congratulatory telegram to 'Ali 'Abdallah Salih, president of the Yemen Arab Republic, on the occasion of his country's state holiday.

On the same occasion CSSR Premier Lubomir Strougal sent a contratulatory telegram to 'Abd al-'Aziz 'Abd al-Ghani, premier of the Yemen Arab Republic.

BILAK MEETS WITH BELGIAN SOCIALIST PARTY OFFICIAL

LD282256 Prague CTK in English 1806 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Prague--Czechoslovak Communist Party Central Committee Presidium member and Central Committee Secretary Vasil Bilak received here on Friday honorary chairman of the Flemish part of the Belgian Socialist Party Joseph van den Eynde. Joseph van den Eynde is visiting Czechoslovakia at the invitation of Chairman of the Czechoslovak Committee for European Security and Cooperation Bohuslav Kucera. Joseph van den Eynde and Vasil Bilak discussed the situation in their countries as well as world issues, in particular joint efforts in the struggle for disarmament and peace. They also discussed possibilities of further cooperation between the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia and the Belgian Socialist Party.

INDRA-LED FEDERAL ASSEMBLY DELEGATION TO VISIT AUSTRIA 1 OCT

LD301936 Prague Domestic Service in Czech 1730 GMT 30 Sep 79 LD

[Excerpt] A delegation of the Federal Assembly, headed by its Chairman Alois Indra, who is also a member of the CPCZ Central Committee Presidium, will leave tomorrow for a visit to Austria.

PRESS REPORT ON DEPUTY PREMIER'S FRG VISIT

AU281510 Bratislava PRAVDA in Slovak 27 Sep 79 p 7 AU

[CTK report: "Conclusion of Comrade J. Zahradnik's Visit to the FRG: Expansion of Economic Relations"]

[Text] Bonn--The following press report has been issued in conclusion of the visit of CSSR Deputy Premier Jindrich Zahradnik to the FRG:

CSSR Deputy Premier J. Zahradnik paid a visit to the FRG on 24-26 September 1979 at the invitation of O. Lambsdorff, FRG minister of economy.

On 25 September CSSR Deputy Premier J. Zahradnik was received for a talk by FRG Federal Chancellor H. Schmidt. At the end of talks with minister of economy O. Lambsdorff on the further expansion and intensification of economic relations between the CSSR and FRG, a protocol was signed about the fourth session of the two countries' mixed commission for economic, technical and industrial cooperation.

The course of the talks reconfirmed the two sides' determination to promote further development of economic cooperation on the basis of mutual advantage. Both sides view this as the two countries' contribution to successful cooperation in Europe on the basis of the Helsinki Final Act.

The talks took place in a frank and constructive atmosphere.

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY DELEGATION ARRIVES IN MUNICH

LD301916 Prague CTK in English 1827 GMT 30 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Munich (CETEKA correspondent)--A delegation of Czechoslovak deputies, led by Chairman of the Czech National Council Evzen Erban arrived here on Sunday for talks with SPD representatives in the Bundestag and the Bavarian Land Parliament on the further development of relations between Czechoslovakia and the FRG. The development of relations between the Czech Socialist Republic and Bavaria will be also discussed.

The Czechoslovak deputies will have talks also with representatives of Bavarian economic circles and the land organization of trade unions.

The delegation will pay tribute to the victims of the Nazi concentration camp at Dachau. It will visit Nuremberg next Thursday to discuss twinship between this city and Brno.

Deputies from Czechoslovakia and Bavaria are meeting for the fourth time now. Contacts were established in 1975. The visit is considered both in Bonn and Munich as an expression of improving relations between Czechoslovakia and the FRG.

PLO REPRESENTATIVE SCORES SOCIALIST INTERNATIONAL PRESSURES

AU281240 Prague RUDE PRAVO in Czech 26 Sep 79 p 7 AU

["MD"-signed report: "We Are convinced of Victory; Press Conference of a Palestinian Representative"]

[Text] Prague, 25 September--"The Middle East is now going through very tumultous moments. Although the Camp David accords falsely claimed that they would bring peace to this region, we are witnessing the opposite; the situation escalates ever more. Day after day Israel is shedding blood in Lebanon and sowing death in Palestinian camps, using for the first time ever the modern U.S. F-15 and F-16 aircraft."

This was declared on Tuesday [25 September], at a press conference in Prague, by Nayif Hawatimah, secretary general of the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine [DFLP], who is in the CSSR at the invitation of the Czechoslovak Committee of Solidarity with Afro-Asian Nations. The DFLP is part of the Palestine Liberation Organization. Atif Abu Bakr, head of the PLO representation in Prague, was also present at the press conference.

The Palestinian representative said that the murderous military pressure against the Palestinian revolution is being accompanied by political activity--lately with the participation of leaders of the Socialist International--the objective of which is to exert pressure on the PLO to make it favorably disposed to the treacherous separate agreement and to split the unity of all forces associated in this organization.

Nayif Hawatimah said that in the next few weeks tension in the Middle East will escalate anew as a consequence of intensified Israeli aggressive actions against southern Lebanon and also Syria and that Egypt is creating a dangerous new hotbed of tension by concentrating its troops along the Libyan border.

"We will continue our struggle to prevent the implementation of the Camp David agreements, no matter how high the price we have to pay. We are convinced that we shall win because we are not alone in our struggle. The forces of democracy, socialism and peace led by the socialist community and especially the USSR, a great friend of nations fighting for their national liberation, for peace and progress, are on our side," the Palestinian representative stressed in conclusion.

HOFFMANN-LED TU DELEGATION LEAVES FOR MONGOLIA, DPRK 28 SEP

LD291456 Prague Domestic Service in Czech 1630 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] An official delegation of the Central Council of Trade Unions left Prague by air today for the Mongolian People's Republic and the DPRK at the invitation of the Central Council of Mongolian Trade Unions and the Central Committee of the General Federation of Korean Trade Unions. The delegation is led by Karel Hoffmann, member of the CPCZ Central Committee Presidium and chairman of the Central Council of Trade Unions.

Arrival in Mongolia

LD291455 Prague Domestic Service in Czech and Slovak 1200 GMT 29 Sep 79 LD

[Text] A Czechoslovak trade union delegation arrived in Mongolia today on a friendly visit. It is headed by Karel Hoffmann, member of the CPCZ Central Committee Presidium and chairman of the Central Council of Trade Unions. The delegation laid a wreath at the tomb of Suhebaatar and Choybalsan, the founders of the Mongolian People's Revolutionary Party and the people's state. Talks then took place between trade union delegations of Mongolia and Czechoslovakia.

JAKES RECEIVES VIETNAMESE POLITBURO MEMBER

AU281235 Prague RUDE PRAVO in Czech 26 Sep 79 p 1 AU

[CTK report: "A Comradely Talk"]

[Text] Prague, 25 September--Milos Jakes, Presidium candidate member and secretary of the CPCZ Central Committee, received on Tuesday [25 September] Vo Chi Chong, Politburo member of the Communist Party of Vietnam and vice premier of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam.

In a comradely talk they exchanged experiences from the work of the CPCZ and Communist Party of Vietnam and from socialist construction in the sphere of agriculture and forest economy.

Nguyen Tien Thong, ambassador of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam to the CSSR, was also present.

ECONOMIC COOPERATION AGREEMENT SIGNED WITH VIETNAM

LD291324 Prague Domestic Service in Czech and Slovak 1200 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Documents supplementing agreements concluded between Czechoslovakia and the Socialist Republic of Vietnam on economic cooperation were signed at Zbraslav Castle today by Foreign Trade Minister Andrew Barcak and Nguyen Tien Thong, Vietnamese ambassador to Czechoslovakia.

PEOPLE'S CHAMBER TO CONVENE ON 10 OCTOBER

AU281237 Prague RUDE PROVO in Czech 26 Sep 79 p 2 AU

[CTK report: "People's Chamber of the Federal Assembly Summoned for 10 October"]

[Text] Prague, 25 September--At its Tuesday [25 September] meeting, the Presidium of the People's Chamber of the CSSR Federal Assembly chaired by Vaclav David, the Chamber's chairman, paid tribute to the memory of late Army Gen Ludvik Svoboda, long-standing deputy to the National and Federal Assemblies, and appraised highly his merits in the construction of socialism in the CSSR and in promoting Czechoslovak-Soviet friendship.

In the presence of the chairman of the Chamber's committees, the Presidium further decided to summon the fourth independent meeting of the People's Chamber for 10 October 1979. At this session the Chamber's deputies will discuss problems on insuring fuels and energy and to their economical use as an inevitable prerequisite for the further development of socialist society.

KABRHELOVA RECEIVES SRV WOMEN'S DELEGATION

LD281100 Prague Domestic Service in Czech and Slovak 0001 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Marie Kabrhelova, member of the Secretariat of the CPCZ Central Committee and chairman of the Central Committee of the Czechoslovak Union of Women, yesterday received a delegation of the Vietnamese Women's Union, led by its vice president, Nguyen Thi Tanh. In a friendly talk they discussed experience gained in the work of the two women's organizations. The Vietnamese delegation is to visit several districts during its visit.

LENAR, JANIK ASSESS AGRICULTURAL WORK IN ZILINA

LD291358 Bratislava Domestic Service in Slovak 1630 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Josef Lenart, member of the CPCZ Central Committee Presidium and first secretary of the CPSL Central Committee, arrived in the district of Zilina for a working visit today. Together with Jan Janik, Presidium member and secretary of the CPSL Central Committee, he briefed himself on progress made in autumn agricultural operations and especially in potato lifting.

The visitors visited a unified agricultural cooperative in Rosina, which provides one-quarter of the district's potato production. This crop has been so far been lifted from 70 percent of the overall area in the Zilina District.

FOJTIK, BEJDA ATTEND CONSULTATION ON IDEOLOGY

AU281238 Prague RUDE PRAVO in Czech 26 Sep 79 p 1 AU

["Z"-signed report: "A Consultation of Secretaries"]

[Text] Prague, 25 September--On Tuesday [25 September] a consultation of secretaries of regional and municipal party committees for ideological work and of heads of ideology departments took place in the CPCZ Central Committee building. It was devoted to an exchange of experience in promoting the party's ideological and educational work at the present time. Jan Fojtik, secretary of the CPCZ Central Committee, spoke about topical questions pertaining to ideological work. The consultation was attended by Vasil Bejda and Otto Cmolik, heads of CPCZ Central Committee departments.

BILAK, HAVLIN ADDRESS MEETING OF IDEOLOGICAL COMMISSION

LD272158 Prague Domestic Service in Czech 1630 GMT 27 Sep 79 LD

[Text] The Ideological Commission of the CPCZ Central Committee held a meeting in Prague today. On the agenda of the meeting was information on the results of the meeting of the secretaries of the central committees of the communist and workers' parties of the socialist countries in Berlin and international and ideological questions, and a report on a check on the fulfillment of the united program of the social sciences since the 15th CPSU Congress.

A paper on the Berlin meeting on the topical questions and tasks of the party's ideological work was delivered by Vasil Bilak, Presidium member and secretary of the CPCZ Central Committee. The report on social sciences was dealt with by Josef Havlin, secretary of the party Central Committee.

Also present at the meeting were secretaries for ideological work of the regional and city committees of the party in Prague and Bratislava and some activities of the CPCZ Central Committee.

BRIEFS

CZECH HARVEST RESULTS--On 23 September, 36.4 percent of corn for silage was harvested in the Central Bohemian Region, and 20.4 percent of potatoes were lifted; 33.8 percent of plowing work was completed and 20.4 percent of rye was sown. In southern Bohemia 51.3 percent of corn for silage was harvested and 22.0 percent of potatoes were lifted; 29 percent of plowing was completed and 9.6 percent of rye was sown. In Western Bohemia 36.1 percent of corn for silage was harvested and 25.7 percent of potatoes were lifted; 33 percent of plowing was completed and 18.6 percent of rye was sown. In northern Bohemia 30.1 percent of corn for silage was harvested and 33.7 percent of potatoes were lifted; 42.3 percent of plowing was completed and 34.4 percent of rye was sown. In Eastern Bohemia 49.8 percent of corn for silage was harvested and 36.1 percent of potatoes were lifted; 27.9 percent of plowing was completed and 13.6 percent of rye was sown. In southern Moravia 66.6 percent of corn for silage was harvested and 29.4 percent of potatoes were lifted; plowing was completed on 36.4 percent of the land and rye sown was 20 percent. In Northern Moravia 65.7 percent of corn for silage was harvested and 51.1 percent of potatoes were lifted; plowing was completed on 35.1 percent of the land and 72.1 percent of rye was sown. Thus, in the entire Czech Socialist Republic 50.5 percent of corn for silage was harvested and 29.5 percent of potatoes were lifted; plowing was completed on 33.6 percent of the land and 20.8 percent of rye was sown. [Prague ZEMEDELSKE NOVINY in Czech 26 Sep 79 p 1 AU]

BERLINERS ASKED TO PREPARE 'CORDIAL WELCOME' FOR BREZHNEV

LD010926 East Berlin Voice of the GDR Domestic Service in German 0700 GMT 1 Oct 79 LD

[Text] The Soviet party and government delegation, which is to pay an official friendship visit to the GDR on the occasion of the GDR's 30th anniversary, is to arrive in the capital, Berlin, next Thursday [14 October]. It is to be led by Leonid Ilich Brezhnev, general secretary of the Central Committee of the CPSU and chairman of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet, and was invited by the SED Central Committee, the Council of State and the Council of Ministers of the GDR. The SED Berlin Bezirk executive, the Economic Committee of the National Front and the Berlin City Government are appealing to the population of the capital Berlin to prepare a cordial welcome to the representative of the CPSU and Soviet people, and to turn the visit into a powerful demonstration of friendship and militant solidarity between the GDR and the USSR.

CASTRO COMMENTS ON SOVIET TROOPS REPORTED

LD301936 East Berlin Voice of the GDR Domestic Service in German 1705 GMT 29 Sep 79 LD

[Text] The artificially produced ballyhoo about Soviet military personnel on Cuban soil that is presently being carried on by certain circles in Washington was exposed yesterday by Fidel Castro at a press conference in the Cuban capital. Much attention has been given to this press conference. Here is a telephone report from Havana by our correspondent, Otto Marquardt:

The fact that a large number of U.S. journalists attended this press conference has not, up to now at any rate, led all the media they represent to show any clear signs of dispelling the artifically stirred up problem of so-called Soviet combat troops on Cuba in favor of the facts. Although some television stations have already transmitted the press conference, the radio stations--as I have just heard--dealt with the press conference rather casually, almost like an unimportant, routine matter. Thus here again there is obviously no interest in the truth.

The truth is as follows: 17 years ago, as a result of the October crisis, Cuba and the USSR agreed to set up here a military training center, designated Center No 12, in which Soviet instructors would teach the Cuban armed forces to handle current, purely (defensive) arms systems.

According to Fidel Castro this was known to five U.S. presidents and must have been known to President Carter from the beginning. The CIA was, after all, continuously spying on Cuba with its U-2 flying spies, highly advanced electronic equipment and legions of agents. Furthermore, Cuba never made a secret of the presence of Soviet instructors. After all, Cuba has been treated with outright hostility by the United States since 1960, has been actively threatened for almost 20 years and, consequently, has the right to protect itself. That is, without nuclear weapons or strategic systems.

Contrary to the actions of the United States, the USSR strictly and conscientiously adheres to all agreements made with the United States in this connection. On the other hand, said Fidel Castro, how can we assess the actions of a state which continually causes artificial crises with Cuba and spreads lies throughout the world: sometimes it is the MiG 23's, sometimes two submarines, and sometimes it is the case of Shaba or alleged Soviet combat troops. Meanwhile, this state itself has a military base in this country at Guantanamo, where thousands of soldiers and war [word indistinct] are stationed against the express will of the people.

It is no coincidence, the Cuban president said, that this whole thing is being played up at this particular moment in time. The Cuban Government knows that U.S. imperialism made the greatest efforts to sabotage the holding of the sixth nonalined summit in Havana and to prevent Cuba from assuming the presidency for the next 3 years. For this reason the United States made contacts with 40 countries and when it did not achieve its aim, it tried anyway. [sentence as heard] The fact that the report in question was circulated for the first time on the very eve of the summit and prior to the vote on SALT II must give rise to suspicion. Neither Cuba nor the Soviet Union has done anything to alter the 17-year-old status quo.

The question of what actions the United States should now take was answered by Fidel Castro as follows: There is only one possibility: Those responsible for this ignoble campaign based on lies should have the courage to tell the truth, to admit their mistakes. No one has the right to jeopardize peace and normalization of relations between two countries on the basis of wrong information.

REPORTAGE ON FISCHER VISIT TO UNITED NATIONS

Meetings With Foreign Ministers

LD281102 East Berlin ADN International Service in German 0312 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] United Nations, New York--GDR Foreign Minister Oskar Fischer had talks and meetings on the side at the 34th UN General Assembly yesterday with colleagues from 10 member states: Liberia, Zambia, Mexico, Venezuela, Ethiopia, Afghanistan, Libya, Cyprus, Iceland and Norway. Liberia's Foreign Minister Cecil Dennis expressed his satisfaction at the state of good relations and thanked Oskar Fischer for the GDR's support of Liberia in the preparations for the OAU meeting in Monrovia.

Zambia's foreign minister, Wilson Chakulya, asked Oskar Fischer to convey cordial greetings from President Kaunda to Erich Honecker. They still had pleasant memories of the visit of the party and state delegation. As a result of the visit relations had been noticeably stimulated to mutual advantage. The Mexican foreign minister, Jorge Castaneda, also paid tribute to the good relations, which would receive a fresh impetus through his forthcoming visit to the GDR. Afghanistan's foreign minister, Dr Shah Wali, took advantage of the meeting to express the thanks of his government for the GDR's attitude of solidarity.

Oskar Fischer also talked with the Libyan foreign minister, Dr 'Ali 'Abd al-Salam at-Turayki, on the implementation of arrangements made during the visit of the GDR party and state delegation. He expressed his satisfaction that economic relations in particular were developing in accordance with what had been agreed.

Cyprus's foreign minister, Nicolaos Rolandhis, expressed his thanks for the GDR's support and solidarity toward a just solution of the Cyprus conflict on the basis of the country's sovereignty, territorial integrity and nonalined status. Iceland's foreign minister, Benedikt Groendal, and the Norwegian foreign minister, Knut Frydenlund, took advantage of the opportunity to express their thanks once again for the good impressions they were able to gain during their visits to the GDR. They reaffirmed they wanted to develop relations with the GDR, as agreed, to mutual benefit.

Meeting With Assembly President

AU291615 East Berlin NEUES DEUTSCHLAND in German 27 Sep 79 p 7 AU

[ADN New York dispatch: "Foreign Minister Fischer sees President of UN Plenum: African Politician Underscores GDR's Commitment of Solidarity"]

[Excerpt] On Wednesday [26 September], Oskar Fischer, GDR minister of foreign affairs, met and had a friendly talk with Ambassador S.A. Salim of Tanzania, president of the 34th UN General Assembly.

At the talks which were also attended by Peter Florin, deputy foreign minister and permanent GDR representative to the United Nations, Foreign Minister Fischer assessed the election of the African diplomat to the high post as an expression of the increased role of the African states in world politics. At the same time, Fischer stressed, it filled him with satisfaction that Ambassador Salim--the representative of a state friendly with the GDR--has assumed the presidency of the General Assembly.

President Salim pointed out the important role played by the GDR within the framework of the United Nations. The GDR was well known, he said, for constructively cooperating on the solution of the fundamental tasks of the present. Salim appreciated the GDR commitment of solidarity to the African cause, something which is particularly appreciated by the peoples of that continent. The African diplomat underscored the existence of common views on the urgency of the problems on the agenda of the 34th UN General Assembly and expressed the certainty that, like every year, the GDR would make its contribution to a successful course of the world forum.

Oskar Fischer also had a meeting with Sierra Leone's Foreign Minister Dr. Abdulai O. Conteh.

Meeting With Waldheim

LD291320 East Berlin ADN International Service in German 0049 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] United Nations, New York, (ADN correspondent)--GDR Foreign Minister Oskar Fischer had a friendly meeting yesterday evening with UN Secretary General Kurt Waldheim.

Oskar Fischer conveyed greetings to Kurt Waldheim from Erich Honecker, general secretary of the SED Central Committee and chairman of the GDR State Council. Dr Waldheim thanked him and asked him to return cordial greetings on his behalf. He once again expressed the good impressions he had gained of the GDR during his visit.

In the course of the meeting, there was an exchange of views on questions relating to the 34th United Nations General Assembly session, particularly regarding the crucial issues of disarmament, international security and detente. In connection with the UN secretary general's statement in the annual report to the General Assembly that there are developments which give rise for concern, Foreign Minister Fischer said that he understood and shared the concern about the increasing activities of the opponents of detente. There were, however, grounds for optimism when it was a question of mobilizing those forces which supported peace, disarmament and detente.

28 September Dinner

LD291144 East Berlin ADN International Service in German 2331 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] United Nations New York--The head of the GDR's delegation at the UN General Assembly, Foreign Minister Oskar Fischer, gave a dinner tonight for the heads of the delegations of the socialist states and their permanent representatives at the United Nations. The gathering at the GDR's UN mission, which took place in an extremely friendly atmosphere, provided a further opportunity for a lively exchange of views on the main problems before the 34th meeting of the world forum whose program is once again decisively determined by the peace initiatives of the USSR and her allies. Oskar Fischer also continued his bilateral talks on the sidelines of the General Assembly in the course of which he has already exchanged views with over 30 of his opposite numbers. On Friday, he met Hungarian Foreign Minister Prigyes Puja. The meeting was marked by expressions of satisfaction at the further deepening of the fraternal relations between the two states.

Opening of Book Exhibition

LD291132 East Berlin ADN International Service in German 1852 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Excerpts] United Nations, New York, (ADN correspondent)--GDR Foreign Minister Oskar Fischer today opened an exhibition of children's books from the GDR at the UN headquarters in New York. The minister declared that like the works of art against apartheid and racism shown last year, the exhibition illustrated how the GDR lives up to the aims of the United Nations. "Peace is the fundamental requirement for the happiness of children throughout the world. Every story written for children is to foster the love of peace," he said.

CONDOLENCES EXPRESSED ON DEATH OF CSSR'S SVOBODA

LD251657 East Berlin Voice of the GDR Domestic Service in German 1300 GMT 25 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Horst Sindermann, member of the Politburo of the SED Central Committee, expressed condolences in the CSSR Embassy in Berlin this morning on the death of Army Gen Ludvik Svoboda. The president of the People's Chamber was accompanied by first deputy foreign minister Herbert Krolikowski. After signing the book of condolences, they expressed deep sympathy to Ambassador Frantisek Hamouz. On the same day representatives of the parties and mass organizations united in the National Front as well as state institutions expressed their sympathy at the death of Ludvik Svoboda.

ADN REPORTS COOPERATION MEETING WITH SFRY JOINT COMMITTEE

LD281747 East Berlin ADN International Service in German 1319 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Leipzig--The expansion of economic relations between the GDR and Yugoslavia was the main topic discussed at a 5-day meeting of the Joint Committee for Economic and Scientific-Technological Cooperation, which ended in Leipzig on Friday. The negotiating delegations welcomed the rapid development of trade, which has increased to more than one and one-half times what it was in 1975. Since the visit to Yugoslavia of a party and state delegation led by Erich Honecker in 1977 in particular, cooperation has assumed qualitatively higher forms. This is particularly evident in branches of the basic materials industry, chemical industry, metal processing industry and in scientific-technological cooperation.

The main share of economic cooperation is taken up by long-term agreements valid for between 5 and 15 years, in the metallurgy, heavy machinery and plant construction, electrical engineering and chemical industries, for example.

DELEGATION DEPARTS FOR FRIENDSHIP WEEK IN SYRIA

LD011026 East Berlin Voice of the GDR Domestic Service in German 0700 GMT 1 Oct 79 LD

[Text] A GDR-Syria friendship week opens in Damascus today. A GDR delegation led by Werner Engst, deputy minister of education, arrived in the Syrian capital yesterday. The friendship week, which marks the 30th anniversary of the GDR, will see bilateral talks with leading members of the Ba'th Party regional leadership on the further deepening of cooperation between the two states, a visit to a Pioneer camp and the opening of an exhibition.

PANAMANIAN PARLIAMENTARY GROUP DISCUSSES TIES

LD010004 East Berlin ADN International Service in German 1342 GMT 30 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Panama City--The GDR and Panama have agreed to further develop their parliamentary relations. This was one of the results of the visit by a GDR People's Chamber delegation led by Herbert Fechner, chairman of the GDR interparliamentary group, to Panama. In talks with the president of the National Assembly, Juan Antonio Barba, Deputy Foreign Minister Juan Manuel Caspulovich [name as received] and leading members of the Legislative Council of the National Assembly, there was agreement on important international issues.

The People's Chamber delegation congratulated the people of Panama on the implementation of the new canal treaties on 1 October. The members of the GDR delegation were cordially welcomed at a session of the provincial parliament of Panama City. During the friendly meeting the Panamanian deputies expressed thanks for the many years of solidarity shown by the GDR with the anti-imperialist struggle of their people and sent best wishes to the GDR people on the 30th anniversary of their state.

FRG ACCUSED OF VIOLATING AIRSPACE, PROTESTS LODGED

LD281922 East Berlin ADN International Service in German 1832 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Berlin--There has been an alarming increase in the number of violations of the GDR's airspace from the FRG in recent weeks. These constitute a disregard of international law and seriously endanger safety in the GDR's airspace. Nor can the fact be disregarded that such incidents are taking place at the line separating NATO and the Warsaw Treaty and thus harbor the direct danger of grave consequences for peace and detente in Europe.

The GDR Government has again and again drawn the attention of the FRG Government to these attacks--which are contrary to international law--against the GDR's territory and has requested it to take measures against them. It is only thanks to the prudent action of the forces responsible for safeguarding the GDR's airspace that so far no grave consequences have been occasioned by these actions.

Despite the constant protests of the GDR, the violations of the GDR's airspace are increasing which adds to the risk of grave incidents. In September alone five instances have so far occurred.

The head of the GDR's permanent mission in the FRG, Ambassador Ewald Moldt, on 25 September 1979, lodged an emphatic protest at the FRG federal chancellor's office against the constant violations of the GDR's airspace and demanded that the FRG Government take effective measures to stop such dangerous actions. Ambassador Moldt pointed out that the FRG Government will have to bear the sole responsibility for all possible consequences resulting from the nonobservance of agreements under international law.

AUTHORITIES RETURN RUNAWAY YOUTH TO WEST BERLIN

AU252115 East Berlin NEUES DEUTSCHLAND in German 22-23 Sep 79 p 2 AU

[ADN Berlin dispatch: "Youth Returned to Berlin"]

[Text] On 21 September 1979, 14-year-old Kai Aring from West Berlin was handed over to the appropriate organs of the Berlin (West) Senat. The youth had run away from his parents' apartment and was apprehended on 18 September 1979 in the D-242 transit train between the GDR Briebnitzsee and Marienborn border crossing points.

GERMAN-SOVIET SOCIETY PRESENTS AWARDS IN BERLIN

LD291254 East Berlin Domestic Service in German 2100 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] The German-Soviet Friendship Society in Berlin today presented high awards to representatives and collectives of both countries for their services to the strengthening of the fraternal alliance with the USSR. The society's president, Erich Mueckenberger, member of the SED Politburo, stressed that the cooperation between the GDR and the USSR was bearing ever richer fruit. Its roots were loyalty to Marxism-Leninism, proletarian internationalism and socialist solidarity.

Apart from receiving the badge of honor in gold and silver as well as the Herder medal, ten artists and collectives, including the radio drama section of GDR radio, received the society's art prize.

The great importance of cultural contacts for the development of German-Soviet friendship was strongly emphasized by USSR Ambassador Petr Abrasimov. At a reception for a delegation due to leave shortly for the Days of GDR Culture in Moscow, he said he hoped that the event would provide a convincing demonstration of the achievements of GDR art at the time of the GDR's 30th anniversary.

OFFICIALS HONOR MEMORY OF FORMER LEADERS

LD291728 East Berlin ADN International Service in German 1740 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Berlin--Leipzig--Party and state leaders and other representatives of the GDR met on Friday to honor the memory of workers, leaders and statesmen Wilhelm Pieck, Otto Grotewohl and Walter Ulbricht.

In Berlin-Weiderschoenhausen, several members of the SED Central Committee Politburo--Friedrich Ebert, Konrad Naumann and Alfred Neumann -were present at the unveiling of memorial plaques for Wilhelm Pieck and Otto Grotewohl.

At house No 29 Majakowskiring, where the first president of the German workers' and peasants' state lived 15 years, Konrad Naumann paid tribute to this great revolutionary, communist, internationalist and loyal friend of the USSR. Naumann declared that the GDR working people would conscientiously fulfill Wilhelm Pieck's legacy.

Photographs of Wilhelm Pieck and Otto Grotewohl at the merger congress of the KPD and the SPD in 1946 brought to mind the services rendered by the two politicians in the creation of the united party of the working class.

At house No 48 Majakowskiring, where the GDR's first prime minister lived for 14 years, Konrad Naumann paid tribute to Otto Grotewohl's great services in helping to bring about the merger of the two workers' parties. A chairman of the SED, and during his 15 years as prime minister, he accomplished signal work, together with Wilhelm Pieck, for the development of the Marxist-Leninist party and helped strengthen and consolidate the state's power. The people of the GDR, he said, are continuing the work of these meritorious leaders of the German workers' movement by successfully solving the additional tasks that have developed upon the socialist revolution.

At the house in Gottschedstrasse, in Leipzig, where Walter Ulbricht was born, Werner Felfe, member of the SED Politburo; Horst Schumann, first secretary of the Leipzig bezirk SED executive; and Lotte Ulbricht honored the memory of this workers leader and statesman. Horst Schumann paid tribute to Walter Ulbricht as an activist of the first degree and one who occupies a permanent place in the history of the SED and the socialist GDR state.

NAUMANN ATTENDS BERLIN MEMORIAL CEREMONY

LD292146 East Berlin ADN International Service in German 1011 GMT 29 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Berlin--Thousands of Berliners and prominent public figures gathered together on Saturday to honor the memory of a great German patriot, Hans David Ludwig York von Wartenburg to mark the 220th anniversary of the birth of this progressive military leader, who fought during the wars of liberation. Wreaths were laid at the foot of York's monument on Unter den Linden to the strains of Beethoven's Opferlied. After a minute of silence a military band played the GDR national anthem. The ceremony ended with the marchpast of an honor guard from the National People's Army. Among those present at the ceremony were SED Politburo member Konrad Naumann, who is also First Secretary of the Berlin bezirk SED executive; Horst Kuemmel, acting lord mayor of Berlin; Prof Josef Stanek, chairman of the bezirk National Front committee; and Maj Gen Karl Heinz-Drews, the commandant of Berlin.

STOPH PRESENTS AWARDS RELATED TO 30TH ANNIVERSARY

LD292035 East Berlin Voice of the GDR Domestic Service in German 1300 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Meritorious individuals and collectives were presented with high state awards in the GDR State Council building in Berlin on Friday in connection with the 30th anniversary of the GDR on 7 October. The title of honor "Hero of Labour," the orders "Star of International Friendship," "Patriotic Order of Merit" and "Banner of Labor," and the badge of honor "Patriotic Order of Merit in Gold" were conferred on them by the chairman of the State Council at the suggestion of the SED Central Committee Politburo and the Presidium of the Council of Ministers.

The awards, which were presented by deputy chairman of the State Council Willi Stoph are a tribute to services in the construction and development of the GDR and in recognition of exemplary work performance. Those honored include working people from all spheres of social life.

In an address, Willi Stoph paid tribute to the achievements of the working people from all spheres of the economy and social life. Through their successful efforts they have helped substantially to strengthen the workers and peasants power both within and without to improve the performance capacity of the society in all fields, and to steadily increase the material, social and cultural standard of living of the people. This has contributed at the same time to the flourishing of the socialist community of states, the safeguarding of peace, and the strengthening of the progressive forces in the world. Pointing to the good results in socialist competition in honor of the GDR's anniversary, Willi Stoph noted that these results are a further impressive manifestation of the strength which has matured and the confidence in victory with which the working prople approach the remaining tasks for the further implementation of the decisions of the Ninth SED Congress.

ENTERPRISES AWARDED FOR 'EXEMPLARY' ACHIEVEMENTS

LD292114 East Berlin ADN International Service in German 1856 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Berlin--The work forces of GDR enterprises on Friday received Banners of Honor from the SED Central Committee, the State Council, the Council of Ministers and the FDGB Central Executive for their exemplary achievements in the competition in honor of the GDR's 30th anniversary. Members of the SED leadership presented the distinctions at festive ceremonies.

New important production facilities were also put into operation today. One of them was a central prefabrication installation for the manufacture of electric household appliances at the Elektrogeraete-Werk in Suhl. The starting signal for the installation was given by Werner Jarowinsky, candidate member of the SED Politburo. A new workshop was opened by Deputy Premier Guenther Kleiber, candidate member of the SED Politburo, at the Vergaser & Filferwerke in Berlin. Rotationally symetrical parts will be produced in the new workshop at considerably increased efficiency 4 months earlier than scheduled. An integrated CEMA project, containing machines and installations from the GDR, the USSR, Czechoslovakia and Poland, was handed over by Gerhard Schuerer, chairman of the Council of Ministers and candidate member of the SED Politburo, at the cotton mill in Plauen. The installation makes it possible to turn short-fiber cotton into high quality fabrics. Labor productivity will increase by 147 percent and 42 workers will be released for other jobs. The central youth building project "Industrielle Fleischproduction Eberswalde" was handed over at a meeting in the presence of Gerhard Grueneberg, member of the SED Politburo. The young builders have completed the biggest project in the GDR for industrialized slaughtering and meat processing. The slaughter and processing combine has so far produced 100,000 tons of meat and sausages.

MIELKE PRESENTS AWARDS TO COMMANDS IN BERLIN

LD291252 East Berlin Domestic Service in German 2100 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Excerpts] In Berlin, Col Gen Erich Mielke, member of the Politburo has presented high awards to the collectives of an operational command [Operativer Dienstbersich], a security command and to the Frankfurt-Oder Bezirk Administration of the Ministry of State Security.

PUJA MEETS WITH FRG, FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTERS AT UN

LD291230 Budapest Domestic Service in Hungarian 1730 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] New York--Frigyes Puja has held an exchange of views with the West German and French foreign ministers. All three are taking part in the autumn session of the UN General Assembly.

Ethiopian Counterpart

LD301930 Budapest MTI in English 1705 GMT 30 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Budapest, September 29 [date as received] (MTI)--MTI reports from New York:

Foreign Minister Frigyes Puja, the head of the Hungarian delegation to the 34th session of the UN General Assembly, has met in New York the Ethiopian Foreign Minister Feleke Gedle-Giorgis. At a meeting held in a comradely and friendly atmosphere questions connected with the bilateral relations between Hungary and Ethiopia as well as issues on the agenda of the UN General Assembly were discussed.

DEFENSE MINISTER CZINEGE AWARDED USSR MEDAL

LD290116 Budapest Domestic Service in Hungarian 1600 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Lajos Czinege, minister of defense, has been awarded the October Revolution Medal of Merit by the USSR's Supreme Soviet Presidium for the development of friendly relations between the Soviet Armed Forces and the Hungarian People's Army.

POLISH AGRICULTURAL DELEGATION ENDS VISIT

LD272118 Budapest MTI in English 1755 GMT 27 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Budapest, September 27 (MTI)--The Polish delegation led by Agricultural Minister Leon Klonica that carried on talks with Hungarian Agricultural Minister Pal Romany, and visited several farms during its stay, today left Hungary. During the talks the two ministers reviewed cooperation so far between the two countries' agrarian industries and set the objective for cooperation in 1981 and 1985. The parties stressed the necessity of broadening economic cooperation and of increasing the number of production systems. At the end of the talks the discussants signed a promemoria. Leon Klonica was received by Prime Minister Gyula Szeker.

GDR'S SCHUERER ARRIVES IN BUDAPEST 28 SEPTEMBER

LD291610 Budapest MTI in English 1018 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Budapest, September 28 (MTI)--Invited by Istvan Huszar, deputy chairman of the Hungarian Council of Ministers and head of the National Planning Office, Gerhard Schuerer, deputy prime minister of the German Democratic Republic and chairman of the State Planning Commission, arrived in Budapest on Friday. The visiting vice-premier is to conduct talks with his host about issues related with economic cooperation between the two countries during the forthcoming five-year plan term.

Meeting With Lazar

LD291612 Budapest MTI in English 1041 GMT 29 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Budapest, September 29 (MTI)--Gyorgy Lazar, chairman of the Council of Ministers, member of the HSWP Political Committee, Saturday received in his office Vice-Premier Gerhard Schuerer, chairman of the GDR State Planning Committee, substitute member of the Political Committee of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany. The meeting was attended by Istvan Huszar, deputy chairman of the Hungarian Council of Ministers, chairman of the National Planning Office, member of the HSWP Political Committee.

End of Visit

LD301924 Budapest MTI in English 1713 GMT 30 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Budapest, September 30 (MTI)--Gerhard Schuerer, deputy premier and chairman of the State Planning Commission of the German Democratic Republic, left Hungary on Sunday at the end of his visit here at the invitation of Istvan Huszar, Hungarian deputy prime minister and chairman of the National Planning Office. They conducted talks about economic cooperation between their countries during the forthcoming five-year plan term.

FRG TRADE UNION DELEGATION ARRIVES 29 SEPTEMBER

LD301926 Budapest MTI in English 1712 GMT 30 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Budapest, September 30 (MTI)--Invited by the Presidium of the Central Council of Hungarian Trade Unions (SZCT), a delegation of the Federation of German Trade Unions (DGB) arrived Saturday in Budapest. Talks between SZDT and DGB delegations have opened. The Hungarian team is headed by General Secretary Sandor Gaspar, while the DGB delegation is led by Chairman Heinz O. Vetter.

LAZAR HOLDS TALKS WITH KUWAITI FINANCE MINISTER

LD291512 Budapest Domestic Service in Hungarian 1400 GMT 29 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Gyorgy Lazar, Politburo member and premier, has received Kuwaiti Finance Minister Abd al-Rahman. Salim al-Atiqi had discussions in Budapest with Lajos Faluvegi, finance minister, about the two countries' economic and financial relations and prospects for cooperation.

SARLOS-LED DELEGATION HOLDS TALKS IN COSTA RICA

LD291130 Budapest Domestic Service in Hungarian 2300 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] The delegation of the Patriotic People's Front, headed by its secretary general, Istvan Sarlos, has held talks in Costa Rica. The delegation conferred with leaders of the Popular Vanguard Party, the Socialist Action Party and the Revolutionary Civic Union Party.

Istvan Sarlos was received by the Costa Rican head of state.

From Costa Rica, the delegation of the Patriotic People's Front has gone on to Panama.

BRUTYO, GYORI ADDRESS WORKERS' RALLY IN MAKO

LD291300 Budapest Domestic Service in Hungarian 2100 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Summary] Janos Brutyo and Imre Gyori have spoken at a workers' mass rally held in Mako. The chairman of the party Central Control Committee and the Central Committee secretary visited a number of places in the town and spoke with workers.

GASPAR ADDRESSES ARMED FORCES DAY CEREMONY

LD292254 Budapest Domestic Service in Hungarian 1730 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Speech by Sandor Gaspar, member of the MSZMP Politburo, at a ceremony held in the Hungarian Parliament on 28 September on the occasion of Armed Forces Day--recorded]

[Text] Dear comrades: Today we are celebrating our armed forces. On this occasion, on behalf of the MSZMP Central Committee, the Presidential Council, the government, and every Hungarian worker, we greet with respect and esteem our armed forces, including every member of the Hungarian People's Army, the Border Guards, and the Police and Workers Guard, who, weapons in hand and faithful to their oaths, fulfill with honor and honesty the duties our people have entrusted to them. While we greet the armed forces and their members, at the same time we remember the past. We remember the Kuruc soldiers of Rakoczi, the Honveds of Kossuth, the Red Soldiers of the Republic of Councils who set an example when they defended the homeland and fought for independence and social progress with faith, devotion and unsparing self-sacrifice.

Today, the defense of the homeland is an especially sacred duty of the armed forces, because now, for the first time in history, there is more at stake than simply defending our territory. For our soldiers are also protecting a social system that not so long ago was nothing but a dream for the workers and the oppressed--a dream that has come true in our time.

Honored comrades, the armed forces can be proud, and the members of the armed forces can be proud, because they are defending this homeland and their social system. Together with the poet we can say: To cherish, defend, improve, all that behooves me, this is my concern and my right; all of life before my eyes; my own sky above me; a country --my domain!

With heads held high and with a clear conscience we can say: We have something to defend; we have something to protect. The life of Hungarian workers, for the first time in the course of history, has developed in such a way that in their homeland, calmly and in peace, assured of their livelihood, they may live, prosper, grow materially and spiritually, and live as befits human beings.

Whoever lives in this country, whether worker-peasant or intellectual, knows well that this life did not come into being and did not grow easily. Our achievements have come through much work, sweat and struggle. It is understandable, therefore, that our people respect these achievements and call them their own. Our people are also deeply aware that what we have achieved is no small thing. But they also know that we want even more than this. Our social objectives and our tasks which derive therefrom are known. Their realization is not just a dream but something that demands hard and consistent work, even more in the future than before. Only by conscientious and careful work, being fully aware of our responsibility and duty, can we progress further on this road that we have begun to tread.

Dear comrades, today we live in peace, and we are doing everything possible to enable us to continue to live this way in the future. For this reason we consider it our duty to develop the armed forces. The maintenance of peace requires this. For this reason we are strengthening and developing our People's Army, for this reason we take an active part in the activities of the Warsaw Pact. We have always been able to defend with assurance--and we may also depend in the future--on the strength of the USSR and the socialist countries. We are members of an alliance that was made possible only by the identity of our objectives and the purity and truth of our principles.

The Hungarian People's Army, in close cooperation with the Warsaw Pact armed forces, protects peace, the security of our countries and watches over the independence of our homeland and our nation. The Border Guard, the Police and the Workers Guard perform their tasks with understanding, discipline and organization. By their responsible work --these who are ready to make every sacrifice--they fulfill their calling worthily: They safeguard the inviolability of our borders, uphold law and order and maintain public security.

Our people should give special thanks to our homeland's armed forces because, in addition to fulfilling their basic duties, they participate in solving important tasks in the national economy by overcoming natural disasters, and by rescuing human lives and material possessions.

The MSZMP and our socialist state are determined that our People's Army, Border Guard, Police and Workers Guard will fulfill their alloted functions, and that they will continue to perform the tasks pertaining to their duties in the future. Our party and government, and our working people, should recognize our armed forces for their discipline and fruitful work, and nurture them with care, love and esteem.

At this time, throughout the country in factories, producer cooperatives, offices and schools, our armed forces, the defenders of our socialist achievements, are being greeted with ceremony. Every citizen of our homeland can acknowledge with a sense of gratitude the fact that every member of our armed forces fulfills his tasks with honor. It is our conviction that our armed forces, as a whole and every member, will continue to do so in the future and will respond in this way to our trust. It is an expression of recognition and trust that, on the occasion of Armed Forces Day, the members of the armed forces and other corps, and on other spheres of society as well, a considerable number of those working in the interest of the homeland's defense are receiving much recognition.

On this day, the Presidential Council of the Hungarian People's Republic has decorated many members of our armed forces and corps for their outstanding merits and awarded high orders of merit to them. I greet you, and congratulate every decorated and promoted colleague, on behalf of the MSZMP Central Committee, the Presidential Council of the Hungarian People's Republic, the Council of Ministers and in my own name.

I wish you, and through you I wish every member of the armed forces and corps, all those who work for the protection of the homeland, that in the future you may continue to fulfill in strength and good health the honorable tasks that spring from your duty and calling. I wish everyone much happiness in his human destiny and in his private life.

Wreath-Laying Ceremony

LD291937 Budapest MTI in English 1718 GMT 29 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Budapest, September 29 (MTI)--To mark the Hungarian Armed Forces Day, a wreath-laying ceremony was held at Budapest's Hungarian Heroes' Monument on Saturday. On behalf of the armed forces and corps, Army Gen Lajos Czinege, minister of defense; Andras Benkei, minister of the interior; and Arpad Papp, national commander of the Workers' Militia, laid wreaths, Representatives of Hungary's social and mass organizations also laid their flowers on the monument.

The military and air attaches accredited to Budapest were represented at the ceremony by military and air attaches Col Frantisek Benko of the Czechoslovak Embassy and Col Josef Klamminger of the Austrian Embassy, and by Flight Col Mauro Catalino, defense and air attache of the Italian Embassy.

The wreath of the Soviet Southern Group of Forces temporarily stationed in Hungary was placed by Col Gen V.I. Sivenok, commander of the Southern Group of Forces.

The ceremony was followed by a reception given by Lajos Czinege. It was attended by leading Hungarian political and public figures, by Colonel-General Sivenok, Colonel-General Y.A. Naumenko, representative in Hungary of the commander-in-chief of the Warsaw Treaty Joint Armed Forces, as well as by military and air attaches from several diplomatic corps in Budapest.

RADIO PLANS EXPANSION OF MINORITY-LANGUAGE PROGRAMS

LD281358 Budapest MTI in English 1024 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Budapest, September 28 (MTI)--Hungarian Radio's broadcasts for and about the non-Hungarian nationalities of this country take up an aggregate total of 650 minutes a week. The radio intends to further expand the range of broadcasts, as indicated by the setting up six months ago of a regional and nationality programmes head department, editor-in-chief Laszlo Pasztor told MTI. Broadcasts give coverage to day-to-day events of the nationalities, and teaching of their native tongues, as well as reviews of the books published in such languages. The national traditions are often featured in the programmes. The Pecs regional studio started the first nationality broadcasts over 15 years ago--programmes in Serbo-Croatian. Today the weekly 240-minute programmes have about 40,000 listeners. Pecs's German-language broadcasts, designed for the German-speaking population of Baranya, Tolna and Somogy Counties, take up 300 minutes a week. The Gyor regional and nationality programmes department broadcasts in German for 10 minutes weekly, and in Slovenian for 15 minutes. The Miskolc department plans to add to its present 30-minutes-a-week Slovak-language broadcasts 'special regional broadcasts for the nationalities' to be aired on the ultra shortwave channel from January 1, 1980. Programme 3 of Hungarian Radio has for the past year been broadcasting Slovak, Serbo-Croatian and German-language programmes each Saturday and Sunday morning. Broadcasts for the non-Hungarian nationalities now cover the whole territory of Hungary.

FURTHER REPORTAGE ON JABLONSKI VISIT TO BELGIUM

25 September Activities

LD252358 Warsaw PAP in English 1318 GMT 25 Sep 79 LD

[Excerpt] Brussels, 25 Sep, (PAP)--President of the Council of State of Poland Henryk Jablonski and his wife arrived in Brussels today for a three-day official visit to the Kingdom of Belgium paid at the invitation of King Baudouin of the Belgians.

Henryk Jablonski was greeted at Brussel's Zaventem Airport by King Baudouin and Premier Wilfried Martens.

At noon, President of the Council of State Henryk Jablonski laid a wreath at the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier in Brussels and paid tribute to the ashes of Belgians killed during the two world wars.

In the afternoon, the president paid a visit at the Brussels Town Hall and signed the Golden Book of the town. Next, accompanied by the official Polish delegation, Henryk Jablonski saw the town hall and the Treasury of Art. Afterwards, the president was shown around the Brussels museum of old art.

Dinner Speech

AU281320 Warsaw TRYBUNA LUDU in Polish 26 Sep 79 p 2 AU

[Speech by State Council Chairman Henryk Jablonski at 25 September Brussels dinner given in his honor by King Baudouin]

[Text] PAP--I cordially thank you on behalf of my wife, my entourage and myself for your invitation to visit Belgium. May I express my joy that this visit has enabled us to demonstrate the great importance the Polish people attach to friendly relations between our nations and states. Rich traditions and common present problems are reasons for that.

We do not have common borders and our countries are located in different areas of Europe, but our close contacts date back over 1,000 years. They have developed mainly in the area of culture and the economy. In the Middle Ages Belgian Catholic clergymen journeyed to Poland to assume important posts, including bishoprics and Walloon farmers and weavers settled in our country. One proof of our old trade links are the 11th century coins, minted by Flemish counts, that are found from time to time in Poland. As of the 13th century Flemish cloths begin to win a very firm position in the Polish market and many Polish products and Eastern products traded by Poland have found their way to the regions now forming present-day Belgium. It is worth noting that one such product was copper, which is also one of important items of our export today.

Of Polish cities Krakow and Wroclaw were particularly active in that trade and later on Gdansk, which closely cooperated with Antwerp.

During the Renaissance period our cultural links were so numerous that it would be impossible to try to touch upon them in an even most general way on this occasion. That is why I will do no more than just mention Jan Dantyszek, the bishop of Warmia, one of the most prominent Polish humanists and a diplomat. He had links with Brussels, Ghent and Louvain, and it was his letters to his friends in Louvain that told them of Copernicus' discoveries before the publication of his epoch-making work.

Of the many Belgian scientists with links with Poland I will mention just Just Lipsius, the Polish translations of his work and his correspondence with many prominent Poles of that time.

The scholars of the Renaissance and Baroque periods confirmed the mutual knowledge of our nations' scientific and literary work long ago.

I have recalled those old links because, as a result of their particularly complicated fates, the Polish people have developed a great love for their cultural traditions and attach great importance to their creative continuation.

The 19th century introduced a new and most important element into our relations: the struggle of our nations for freedom and independence. An extensive scientific literature--not only Belgian and Polish--has explained the exact significance of the Polish uprising in 1830-31 in paralyzing the intervention of the forces hostile to Belgium's independence. Unfortunately, fates were not favorable for us. The uprising collapsed and many Poles had to leave their homeland. Some of them arrived in Belgium, including that great scientist and patriot Joachim Lelewel, who here, in Brussels, continued to enrich science with new work. Other Poles--people with important qualifications--also geared themselves into the Belgian way of life in various manners. But a group of some scores of Polish officers who joined the young Belgian army deserves a special mention. Historically, those officers became the spiritual forefathers of the Polish soldiers who fought on this soil in World War II and of the Polish participants in the Belgian resistance movement against the Hitlerite aggressor.

One could go on and on citing the names of the Poles and Belgians who in the 19th and 20th centuries have helped strengthen the traditions of the bonds between our nations. But perhaps it will be more fitting to recall that tens of thousands of Polish emigrants searching for work and bread have found here their second homeland and have contributed to its economic development.

Many descendants of those emigrants have settled in Belgium for good and now constitute natural links between our nations. And that is why we so often repeat when meeting them that their role in promoting Belgian-Polish friendship will be all the greater the better they serve their adopted homeland.

The century-long traditions of Polish-Belgian comprehensive relations are a good foundation for promoting cooperation for the benefit of our nations and for the good of mankind.

The sociopolitical systems of our states are different, but our further fates are closely related. That is because Europe is our common home and we must take joint care of its future.

The problem of peace and security in Europe is now only a component part of the problem of peace and security in Europe is now only a component part of the problem of peace and security in the world, but that component part is extremely crucial. That is because here in Europe mighty arsenals capable of completely annihilating life on our continent have been amassed.

That is why we are facing a question of supreme importance: Will we be able to insure that commonsense prevails and to consolidate peaceful coexistence among nations for today and tomorrow?

The Polish people value peace as the supreme value and regard the right to live in peace as the most important right of every man and nation. That is why Poland, together with the USSR and its allies, engages in consistent and persevering activities to strengthen peace and security and to make irreversible the process of detente.

Proceeding from that, Poland is for the complete implementation of all principles and decisions of the Helsinki CSCE Final Act and is ready to make a constructive contribution to insuring a successful organization of the Madrid conference next year.

At the same time, we are for a just and lasting solution of the present hotbeds and conflicts on other continents.

We believe that cooperation in good will of all forces conscious of the dangers threatening mankind can stem in good time the haphazard activity of parochial and temporary interests.

Poland and other socialist countries watch with anxiety the tendencies to expand the armament potential. We think that halting those tendencies and throwing open the gates to genuine disarmament is now a key issue for Europe and the world. That is why we are pleased with the Soviet-American SALT II accord and we hope that it will influence other disarmament talks and that, in particular,the stalemate in the Vienna talks on reductions of forces and armaments in central Europe will be overcome.

The Polish People's Republic celebrates its 35th anniversary this year.

Important changes have occurred in Poland in those 35 years, and that is why our country has now considerable economic, scientific and cultural achievements, which we want to fully utilize in order to strengthen the forces of peace and the neighborly coexistence among all nations.

I would like to stress most strongly that we attach great importance to the further development of our comprehensive cooperation with Belgium and to enriching it with new values and forms.

The political dialog, exchanges of views and common activity to solve crucial problems--these are the standing principles of our foreign policy. It is our wish that those principles are constantly applied and developed in our relations with Belgium. We want Polish-Belgian cooperation to intensify and expand in all areas: the economy, technology, culture, science, tourism and sports.

I am most deeply convinced that my visit and the talks we will have will contribute to the further development of our relations, which constitute a specific contribution to the construction of Europe's peaceful future.

26 September Activities

LD270928 Warsaw PAP in English 1710 GMT 26 Sep 79 LD

[Excerpts] Brussels, 26 Sep, PAP--On Wednesday, the second day of his official visit to the Kingdom of Belgium, President of the Council of State Henryk Jablonski and his wife went on a trip to the Province of Liege, accompanied by the brother of the king of the the Belgians, Prince Albert and Princess Paola. The Polish guest was greeted at the headquarters of the provincial government by the province's governor G. Mottard.

Next, Henryk Jablonski and his wife visited the Cockerill works, producing heavy-duty diesel engines and generating sets for nuclear power stations. H. Jablonski was acquainted with work in the factory.

Later on, Henryk Jablonski visited the town hall in the city of Liege, where he made an entry in the city's golden book and talked with the mayor.

Henryk Jablonski returned to Brussels in the early afternoon.

This afternoon Belgian Premier Wilfried Martens called on the president of the Council of State in his residence.

Afterward Henryk Jablonski and Wilfried Martens went to the (?government) palace to join Polish-Belgian plenary talks.

The Polish-Belgian plenary talks were chaired by Vice-Premiers Tadeusz Pyka and Willy Claes.

The talks between Wilfried Martens and Henryk Jablonski were devoted to international issues and bilateral relations. The premier and the president discussed ways leading to the strengthening of the process of detente in Europe and worldwide. They also discussed the development of Polish-Belgian cooperation in various fields, emphasizing substantial possibilities in the field of economy.

It was pointed out at the plenary talks that the aim is to increase the volume of Polish-Belgian trade. For the last three years, Poland's deficit in trade with Belgium was decreased threefold and should be altogether eliminated in the eighties. This is also Poland's goal in her trade with other industralized capitalist countries.

At the close of the plenary talks, Vice-Premier Tadeusz Pyka and Belgian Foreign Minister Henri Simonet signed two Polish-Belgian agreements on cooperation between small- and medium-sized enterprises of both countries and on cooperation on the world (?markets).

Having signed the documents, Tadeusz Pyka and Henri Simonet made short statements in which they stressed the significance of Polish-Belgian relations for detente and strengthening European security. Henri Simonet said: "Poland and Belgium, your country more than ours, have suffered (?greatly) during World War Two. We shall do our utmost never to undergo the same experience again.

In the evening Belgian Premier Wildried Martens entertained Henryk Jablonski, his wife and the accompanying persons to dinner in the Egmont Palace. During the dinner Wilfried Martens and Henryk Jablonski made speeches.

Address at 26 Sep Dinner

AU010905 Warsaw TRYBUNA LUDU in Polish 27 Sep 79 p 2 AU

[Speech by State Council Chairman Henryk Jablonski at the 26 September Brussels dinner given in his honor by Premier Wilfried Martens]

[Text] Above all I wish to offer my cordial thanks for the hospitality with which you have received us on beautiful Belgian soil. Mr Premier, I thank you for the friendly words you have addressed to us and, particularly, for your attitude to the Polish people.

I also would like once again to express my joy with my visit in your country, which is linked to Poland by long and rich traditions and by present close cooperation.

On the basis of rich historical experiences a fruitful dialog has developed between Poland and Belgium for many years now. My visit to Belgium at the invitation of his majesty the king of the Belgians and the talks in this connection constitute a continuation of that dialog.

I am particularly pleased that I have been able to have talks with you, Mr Premier. [paragraph continues]

I concur with your evaluation of our meeting and profoundly hope that the meeting and the talks that were held by representatives of our governments will help to strengthen the friendly relations between Poland and Belgium and to intensify our cooperation in various areas so it is even more consistent with the potentials of our two countries.

As you know our strategy for Poland's development envisages the continuation of a rapid process of the expansion and modernization of the economy. We are doing that with the help of an extensive cooperation with the Soviet Union and other socialist countries. At the same time, we want to and will continue the practice of expanding and intensifying our economic relations with highly developed Western countries and all the other countries on the principle of mutual advantage.

Belgium has been unchangeably regarded by the Polish public as a country of high culture, which we profoundly value, and a country of great technological and industrial achievements.

We are keenly interested in the further development of economic cooperation between our countries. We attach particular importance to the development of industrial cooperation and cooperation in third markets. We are ready to implement in the best interests of our two countries the accords we have signed today: the accord on cooperation between small and medium countries and on cooperation in third markets. I am convinced that our plans to increase our trade and to develop economic cooperation are feasible because of the friendly atmosphere of the present Polish-Belgian relations.

Our countries are developing within different systems--CEMA and the Common Market. We are for signing suitable accords between those organizations with a view to creating a climate and conditions favoring the development of economic cooperation and the European economic infrastructure in wider aspects. On the basis of good traditions and the CSCE Final Act we want to develop Polish-Belgian relations in all fields for the benefit of our two countries and in the spirit of peace and detente.

Our countries were among the first countries in Europe to have understood the need for a permanent and constructive political dialog. We have raised it to the highest level and have made an institution of it. As for us we want to continue to expand and intensify it.

It is our wish that our states play an ever increasing role in creating new forms of cooperation so that it continues to be an example of friendly relations between countries with different social systems and that Poland and Belgium continue their important contributions to the cause of detente in Europe and the world.

End of Visit

LD290612 Warsaw PAP in English 1311 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Brussels, 28 Sep, (PAP)--The chairman of the Polish Council of State Henryk Jablonski ended his three-day official visit to Belgium and flew back home. At Brussels' Zaventem Airport Mr and Mrs Jablonski were bidden farewell by the Belgian couple and the Minister of Foreign Trade Lucien Outers. [as received]

A joint communique was issued summing up the results of the visit (a summary will be given separately).

President of the Council of State of the Polish People's Republic Henryk Jablonski sent a message of greetings to King of the Belgians Baudouin I from his plane, thanking him for the friendly and cordial reception he, his wife and the Polish delegation received in the Kingdom of Belgium.

BABIUCH HOLDS TALKS WITH VISITING VIETNAMESE PARTY DELEGATION

LD291504 Warsaw PAP in English 2100 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Warsaw, 28 Sep, PAP--Member of the PUWP CC Political Bureau and secretary of the PUWP CC Edward Babiuch received today the visiting delegation of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Vietnam which is led by member of the CPV CC and Vice-Chairman of the Central Party Control Commission Nguyen Van Chi,

Edward Babiuch informed his guests about the current direction of [word indistinct]-economic development of Poland and about the preparations for the 8th Congress of the Polish United Workers Party. The sides discussed also some questions of Polish-Vietnamese cooperation, including the cooperation between the two parties, and some international issues.

Nguyen Van Chi conveyed cordial thanks to the Polish United Workers Party, for the Polish Government and nation for the firm support, sympathy and aid in the Vietnamese people's struggle for the (?reunification) of their country and building of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam.

The Vietnamese delegation conducted also talks in the Central Party Control Commission of the PUWP and visited the Warsaw, Poznan, Zielona Gora and Kalisz voivodships where it learned more about the system of party control in Poland and its effect upon the activity of state organs.

NORWEGIAN DEFENSE MINISTER CONCLUDES VISIT 28 SEPTEMBER

LD290246 Warsaw PAP in English 1716 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Warsaw, 28 Sep--The several-day visit to Poland paid by Minister of Defence of the Kingdom of Norway Rolf Hansen on the invitation of Polish Minister of Defense General Wojciech Jaruzelski has come to an end.

The Norwegian guest visited some military units and colleges of the Polish People's Army, where he was acquainted with service and personnel training in Poland's Armed Forces.

Minister Rolf Hansen was received today by Vice-Chairman of the Council of Ministers Mieczyslaw Jagielski. Other participants in the meeting included Minister of Defence General Wojciech Jaruzelski and the chief of staff of the Polish Armed Forces, Vice Minister of Defence General Floriam Siwicki. Also present was the ambassador of the Kingdom of Norway to Poland, Olav Moltke-Hansen.

AGRICULTURAL PROGRESS REPORTED, DEADLINES DRAW NEAR

LD291136 Warsaw Domestic Service in Polish 0001 GMT 29 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Farmers have sown nearly 3 million hectares with grain, which is only 57 percent of the planned area. Sowing should be speeded up because the agricultural deadline is fast approaching.

Potato lifting is progressing efficiently and potatoes have been harvested over nearly 1.6 million hectares, which is 66 percent of the cultivated area.

Sugar beets had been harvested over 95,000 hectares and is being processed by more than 50 sugar refineries.

In nine voivodships, the harvest of corn has begun with a bumper crop this year.

CEAUSESCU SENDS CONDOLENCES TO HOXHA ON KAPO'S DEATH

AU281500 Bucharest SCINTEIA in Romanian 27 Sep 79 p 5 AU

[Text] To Comrade Enver Hoxha, first secretary of the AWP Central Committee, Tirana.

On behalf of the RCP Central Committee, the Romanian people and myself personally I extend to you heartfelt condolences in connection with the passing away of Comrade Hysni Kapo, AWP Central Committee Politburo member and secretary.

We also extend feelings of compassion to the bereaved family.

[Signed] Nicolae Ceausescu, RCP secretary general.

Popescu Condolences at Embassy

AU271430 Bucharest Domestic Service in Romanian 1300 GMT 27 Sep 79 AU

[Text] Condolences were extended today to the Embassy of the People's Socialist Republic of Albania in connection with the passing away of Comrade Hysni Kapo, AWP Central Committee Politburo member and secretary.

Comrade Dumitru Popescu, member of the Political Executive Committee and secretary of the RCP Central Committee, presented condolences on behalf of the party-state leadership.

A moment of silence was observed in front of the portrait of the deceased and the condolences book was signed.

AUSTRIAN MILITARY DELEGATION MEETS WITH VERDET, DEPARTS

AU282016 Bucharest AGERPRES in English 1835 GMT 28 Sep 79 AU

[Text] Bucharest, AGERPRES, 28/9/1979--Prime Minister Ilie Verdet received on September 28 Otto Roesch, federal minister of defence of the Republic of Austria, who paid an official visit of friendship to Romania at head of a military delegation.

During the interview satisfaction was expressed with the relations of friendship and collaboration developing between Romania and Austria and stress was laid on the existing possibilities for expanding these relations.

Attending the interview was Ion Coman, Romanian minister of national defence. Present were also Dr Philipp Hoyos, charge d'affaires ad interim of Austria in Bucharest, and Col Adolf Felber, military and air attache of Austria in Bucharest.

Otto Roesch and the Austrian military delegation left Bucharest the same day.

PARLIAMENTARY DELEGATION RECEIVED BY ITALIAN PREMIER COSSIGA

AU281425 Bucharest Domestic Service in Romanian 1300 GMT 28 Sep 79 AU

[Text] The Romanian parliamentary delegation led by Grand National Assembly Chairman Nicolae Giosan has been received in Rome by Italian Prime Minister Francesco Cossiga.

During the ensuing talk, which took place in a cordial atmosphere, the Italian prime minister expressed words of great appreciation about President Nicolae Ceausescu's personality and about his untiring activity devoted to peace, detente and friendship among peoples.

The two sides also stressed with satisfaction the constant upward trend of Romanian-Italian relations at various levels. In that context, the two sides stressed the expansion and diversification of economic relations and trade exchange between the two countries and the need to raise them onto a higher level. Both sides noted that multiple opportunities exist to further develop Romanian-Italian friendly relations to the benefit of the two peoples, of the cause of security and cooperation in Europe and throughout the world.

The Grand National Assembly delegation also called on Nilde Jotti, president of the Chamber of Deputies. During the ensuing talk, the two sides expressed their satisfaction with the existing cooperation between the Romanian and Italian parliaments within the general context of relations of friendship and cooperation between the two countries at a bilateral and international level.

SPAIN'S CARRILLO RECEIVES BURCA-LED RCP DELEGATION

AU291505 Bucharest Domestic Service in Romanian 1300 GMT 29 Sep 79 AU

[Text] Santiago Carrillo, general secretary of the Spanish Communist Party [PCE], has received the RCP delegation led by Comrade Mihai Burca, member of the party Central Committee, which is participating in the events marking the 1979 PCE festivity.

On this occasion, the Romanian delegation extended warm greetings and best wishes on behalf of Comrade Nicolae Ceausescu. Expressing thanks, Comrade Santiago Carrillo asked the guests to convey cordial greetings to Comrade Nicolae Ceausescu and wishes for new successes in his activity carried out as party-state leader.

During the meeting, the two sides discussed certain current questions regarding the activity carried out by the two parties.

PORTUGUESE PRESIDENT RECEIVES VISITING STATE COUNCIL DELEGATION

AU291859 Bucharest AGERPRES in English 1830 GMT 29 Sep 79 AU

[Text] Lisbon (AGERPRES) 29/9/1979--Antonio dos Santos Ramalho Eanes, president of the Portuguese Republic, received on September 29 the delegation of the State Council of the Socialist Republic of Romania that is paying an official visit to that country at the invitation of the Council of the Revolution of Portugal. The delegation is made up of Colonel-General Ion Hortopan, member of the State Council, first deputy minister of national defence, chief of staff; Eduard Eisenburger, member of the State Council, chairman of the Council of Working People of German Nationality, and Silviu Curticeanu, presidential secretary and secretary of the State Council.

During the interview, the president of the Portuguese Republic reiterated the resolve to further act for the translation into life of everything convenanted during his visit to Romania and during the talks he had with President Nicolae Ceausescu for deepening and expanding the bilateral relations on multiple planes. Stress was laid on the importance of continuing the dialogue between the two countries, the exchanges of opinions and experience at all levels as an efficient [words indistinct] acquaintance and of strengthening the friendship and cooperation between the Romanian and Portuguese peoples.

Messages of friendship were exchanged on the same occasion between Presidents Nicolae Ceausescu and Ramalho Eanes.

BUCHAREST FESTIVE MEETING MARKS PRC ANNIVERSARY

AU282025 Bucharest AGERPRES in English 1810 GMT 28 Sep 79 AU

[Text] Bucharest, AGERPRES, 28/9/1979-- A festive meeting was held in Bucharest on September 28 on the 30th anniversary of the Proclamation of the People's Republic of China--October 1.

The meeting was attended by Gheorghe Radulescu, member of the Executive Political Committee of the CC of the RCP, vice-president of the State Council, Cornel Burtica, member of the Executive Political Committee of the CC of the RCP, deputy prime minister and minister of foreign trade and international economic cooperation, by other Romanian officials; a great number of working people from Bucharest enterprises and institutions.

Ion Popescu-Puturin, member of the CC of the RCP, chairman of the Romanian-Chinese Friendship Association, spoke about the significance of the 30th anniversary of the Proclamation of the People's Republic of China.

The speaker pointed to the exceptional importance the Proclamation of the People's Republic of China 30 years ago has for the modern history of China. The proclamation of the People's Republic of China, which is also an event of deep-going significance for the present-day international development, he said, contributed substantively to changing the world balance of forces, gave a strong impetus to the anti-imperialist and anticolonialist liberation fight of the peoples everywhere.

Highlighting that deep-going, revolutionary transformations were made in all economic and social domains over the three decades of free life, the speaker said: People's China became a socialist state with an economy, science and culture in full upsurge, playing an important role in the international life, in the struggle for peace and progress, in the development of collaboration grounded on equality and equity among all nations of the world.

Now, the Chinese people, led by the communist party of China, at head with Comrade Hua Guofeng, act firmly, scoring remarkable successes in the economic and social development, in a fast growth of the industrial and farm production.

After pointing to some of these achievements as well as to the objectives in the current stage, he said: The successes scored by the great Chinese people in building the new system, proof of its creative capability, are an outstanding contribution to the assertion of the superiority of the socialist way of economic and social organization, to raising the prestige and influence of socialism in the world.

The communists, the [word indistinct] people in Romania follow with fraternal feeling of sympathy and solidarity the creative efforts of the Chinese people, are highly appreciative of the remarkable achievements China obtained in the complex work of building the new society, in industrializing the country, in developing agriculture, in promoting science and technology, in developing culture and raising the standards of living of the working people.

Next, the speaker referred to the atmosphere of great enthusiasm and creative elan in which the Romanian people has celebrated this year three and a half decades since the victorious antifascist and antiimperialist revolution of social liberation, to the revolutionary economic and social transformations wrought in Romania on the road of building the multilaterally developed socialist society and the country's advance to communism, as well as to the directives of the 12th RCP Congress to be held soon.

Then, Ion Popescu-Puturin spoke about Romania's international activity, emphasizing that the Romanian people is vitally interested in the building of a climate of peace and security in the world. The RCP, the Romanian state, he said, act unflinchingly for strengthening friendship and solidarity, for continually expanding and deepening the collaboration with socialist countries. We declare and act for the consolidation of the unity of the socialist countries, for the promotion of new-type relations based on mutual esteem, understanding and trust, on the right of each party, of each people to self-dependently choose its home and foreign political line, without any outside interference, on the exclusion of every manifastation of recourse to threat or use of force, on the settlement of differences by peaceful, political means and by negotiations alone. He reiterated then Romania's stands on the main problems confronting mankind today.

The speaker stressed that, in keeping with its policy of developing manysided relations of friendship and collaboration with all socialist states, Romania acts for steadily strengthening friendship and solidarity, for deepening the multilateral collaboration with the People's Republic of China. A decisive part in developing the Romanian-Chinese relations, in continually expanding the bilateral cooperation and developing the cooperation on an international plane is played by the historically significant meetings in 1978 and the fruitful talks between Nicolae Ceausescu and Hua Guofeng. The Romanian-Chinese collaboration develops at a sustained rate, he said.

Chen Shuliang, ambassador of the People's Republic of China in Bucharest, spoke next. He referred to the significance of the event celebrated, to the victories won by the Chinese people, after liberation [word indistinct] construction, to its current objectives as well as to the fundamental trends of the foreign policy of the People's Republic of China.

The ambassador also [word indistinct] the achievements scored by the Romanian people in the years after liberation and highlighted the traditional friendship and the friendly cooperative relations between the two countries and peoples, relations that steadily developed in recent years in the political, economic, cultural and technico-scientific domains.

VILCU-LED PARTY-STATE DELEGATION HAS TALKS IN PRC

AU291904 Bucharest AGERPRES in English 1800 GMT 29 Sep 79 AU

[Text] Beijing (AGERPRES) 29/9/1979--Ji Pengfei, member of the C.C. of the Communist Party of China, vice-premier of the State Council of the People's Republic of China, had an interview on September 29 with the delegation of the Romanian-Chinese Friendship Association, led by Vasile Vilcu, chairman of the R.C.P. Auditing Commission, member of the State Council of Romania.

The same day, the Romanian delegation had talks with the leadership of the Chinese People's Association of Friendship with Foreign Countries and of the China-Romania Friendship Association, when stress was laid on the steady development of the Romanian-Chinese relations in all fields of activity and opinions were exchanged on the intensification of the collaboration between the Friendship Association of Romania and People's China.

RADULESCU RECEIVES PRC SUPREME COURT DELEGATION

AU291500 Bucharest Domestic Service in Romanian 1300 GMT 29 Sep 79 AU

[Text] Comrade Gheorghe Radulescu, vice president of the State Council, today received the delegation of the PRC Supreme People's Court led by Yu Ping, deputy procurator, which is on an official visit in our country.

In a cordial, comradely atmosphere, the two sides stressed with satisfaction the good relations established between the Socialist Republic of Romania and the PRC, between the Romanian and Chinese people, and emphasized the great significance of meetings between Comrade Nicolae Ceausescu and Comrade Hua Guofeng. They also stressed the contribution which mutual visits of delegations can make to deepening friendly cooperation between the two countries and peoples.

RCP SECRETARY POPESCU RECEIVES PRC JOURNALIST

AU271907 Bucharest AGERPRES in English 1755 GMT 27 Sep 79 AU

[Text] Bucharest, AGERPRES, 27/9/1979--On September 27, Dumitru Popescu, member of the Executive Political Committee, secretary of the CC of the RCP, received the delegation of HUNG CHI, official organ of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party, led by Chief Editor Siung Fu.

During the interview, which passed in a warm, friendly atmosphere, information was exchanged on the current preoccupation and activity of the party central press in the two countries.

The delegation of HUNG CHI monthly paid a fact-finding visit to Romania at the invitation of the ERA SOCIALISTA review. They had talks at the editor's office of that review, at central and local party and state bodies and institutions, visited economic units as well as socio-cultural establishments in Bucharest, in Brasov and Dimbovita counties.

The delegation left Bucharest on September 27.

FINANCE MINISTER CONDUCTS TALKS WITH IMF, IBRD IN BELGRADE

AU291952 Bucharest Domestic Service in Romanian 1900 GMT 29 Sep 79 AU

[Text] In Belgrade, Comrade Paul Niculescu, Romanian deputy prime minister and minister of finance, had separate meetings with International Monetary Fund Director General Jacques de la Rosiere and with International Bank for Reconstruction and Development President Robert McNamara. They exchanged views on opportunities to further develop cooperation between our country and the two international economic bodies.

The Romanian deputy prime minister also had a meeting with Petar Kostic, federal secretary of finance of Yugoslavia, during which the two sides stressed their determination to develop economic and financial cooperation between the two countries.

TU DELEGATION EXTENDS MESSAGE TO ARAB TU CONGRESS

AU281434 Bucharest Domestic Service in Romanian 1300 GMT 28 Sep 79 AU

[Text] The Seventh Congress of the International Arab Trade Unions was held in Damascus and was attended by affiliated Arab trade union centrals and by representatives of certain trade unions from other countries.

The Romanian trade union was represented by a delegation led by Comrade Cornelia Filipas, secretary of the General Council of the General Union of Trade Unions of Romania, who extended a message of greetings to the congress.

The message stressed the consistent position promoted by Romania and by President Nicolae Ceausescu on resolving the Middle East crisis, respecting the Palestinian people's legitimate rights, including their right to create their own independent state, and on establishing a comprehensive, lasting and just peace in that area.

The message also expressed the feeling of friendship and solidarity that link the working people and trade unions in our country to the Arab workers class and its trade union organizations.

AGERPRES REPORTS ON NEW OIL DRILLING EQUIPMENT

AU281208 Bucharest AGERPRES in English 0940 GMT 28 Sep 79 AU

[Text] Bucharest, AGERPRES, 28/9/1979--New aggregates and installations preventing well flowing, rolling cutter bits as well as other equipment to be used for crude drilling and extraction were introduced in mass production in the Romanian oil equipment manufacturing enterprises. Note worthy among them are the F-200 electric drive drilling installation, used in crude and oil well drilling, down to over 4,100 m., the F-1050 cementing aggregate for big-depth wells, as well as the new type of well flowing preventor with automatic drive. Such oil installations and aggregates are manufactured at the well-known "1 May" enterprise of Ploiesti. A series of new achievements of the Tirgoviste enterprise are also worth mentioning: The F-60 installation with hydrostatic drive for cutting marble and stone quarries, as well as a new variant of the PA20 installation with pneumatic and hydraulic drive for drilling water wells down to more than 250 m.

The new oil installations and aggregates, outcome of the collaboration between experts from oil equipment manufacturing enterprises and those from specialized institutes in the country, represent 75 per cent of the entire production turned out by this sector from the beginning of 1979. Consequently, the average efficiency of the family of drilling installations increased substantially.

The diversification of the range of drilling installations, of the other oil equipment for export, the steady improvement of their quality, as well as prompt and highly skilled services made Romania rank the second among the world exporters. The Romanian specialized industry delivers to customers abroad 12 types of drilling installations, with diesel-hydraulic and diesel-electric drive, which can drill down to 1,200-10,000 m., well flowing preventors, aggregates for cementing and fission, extraction equipment. At present, Romanian exports oil equipment to over 60 countries in Europe, Asia, Africa and America, mostly on the basis of long-term delivery contracts.

SUNDIC COMMENTS ON SOVIET UN DRAFT RESOLUTION ON HEGEMONISM

LD281818 Zagreb Domestic Service in Serbo-Croatian 1400 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Our topical foreign policy commentary is: "How Does One Define Hegemonism?" Here is Milika Sundic, speaking on the subject of the Soviet draft resolution on the inadmissibility of the policy of hegemonism in international relations:

[Sundic] The letter from Andrey Gromyko, Soviet Minister of Foreign Affairs, to Kurt Waldheim, secretary general of the United Nations, which contained the demand for the urgent inclusion on the agenda of the 34th General Assembly session on the question of the inadmissibility of the policy of hegemonism in international relations, should be interpreted first as an attempt on the part of the Soviet Union to define hegemonism--as a phenomenal form of the policy of force--more precisely and to locate it.

Attached to the letter which Gromyko sent to Kurt Waldheim was a draft resolution, the basis of which is contained in two articles. The first article says that the General Assembly resolutely censures the policy of hegemonism in whatever form it manifests itself as irreconcilable with the basic principles of the UN Charter, and the second article might be regarded as a formal obligation on the part of all UN member countries never to claim hegemony if any region of the world in any situation and from whatever motives.

If the quoted Soviet draft resolution is to be adopted as a result of general agreement on the definition of hegemonism, this will undoubtedly signify one step further in efforts on the part of the international community to preserve lasting and stable peace in the world. However, the Soviet resolution says nothing which is not also contained in the UN Charter, whereas hegemonism nevertheless exists and manifests itself in various ways, from the threat of force to the use of force. Many countries, from our own neighborhood to Southeast Asia, behave contrary to the proclaimed principles contained in the UN Charter. Numerous examples might be quoted of threats to the national sovereignty and territorial integrity of individual countries, of political, military and economic pressure and even direct military interventions.

But what should be done in the very frequent cases when there is no agreement on what aggression is and the country or group of countries which have initiated aggression regard the matter differently? The United States, for example, has never recognized that its action in Vietnam was aggression, in the same way as North Vietnam does not recognize that its action in Kampuchea is directly contrary to the principles of the UN Charter and also to the Soviet draft resolution on the inadmissibility of the policy of hegemonism in international relations.

There is nothing on which the text of the Soviet resolution can be reproached, but the question is what its fate will be, since both Soviet support for Vietnam and Vietnam's intervention in Kampuchea are contrary to the principles in the draft resolution which Gromyko sent to UN Secretary General Kurt Waldheim.

Whatever the case, however, the UN is duty-bound and has been called upon to discuss the inadmissibility of the policy of hegemonism in international relations. The nonalined countries at the sixth conference in Havana also reaffirmed all the vital principles of the policy of nonalinement, from its nonbloc orientation to a full censure of imperialism, colonialism, racism and hegemonism. They will undoubtedly also do this in the future and everywhere. However, we repeat once again that agreement on a definition of hegemonism is a basic prerequisite for its eradication from international life.

KOSOVO DELEGATION RETURNS FROM SOVIET UNION

LD291446 Belgrade TANJUG in English 1144 GMT 29 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Belgrade, Sept. 29 (TANJUG)--A delegation of Yugoslavia's Province of Kosovo led by Dzavid Nimani, president of the Presidency of Kosovo, returned today from a visit to the Soviet Socialist Republic of Dagestan.

In his statement at Belgrade airport, Nimani said that this visit comes under cooperation between Yugoslavia's republics and provinces and the Soviet Union's republics. We were warmly welcomed everywhere and interest was shown in becoming acquainted with the Yugoslav reality, Nimani said relating his impressions of this visit.

The two sides interchanged information on political systems in their countries, questions of economic development and solutions to the national question, Nimani added, saying in conclusion that the invitation for a delegation of Dagestan to visit Kosovo next May was accepted with pleasure.

SOVIET NAVAL DETACHMENT ARRIVES IN DUBROVNIK 29 SEPTEMBER

LD291026 Belgrade TANJUG in English 0939 GMT 29 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Belgrade, Sept. 29, (TANJUG)--A group of Soviet Navy ships has put in at the port of Dubrovnik, southern Adriatic, Yugoslavia, for an unofficial and friendly visit.

While in Dubrovnik, the Soviet crews will go sightseeing.

BELGRADE RADIO REPORTS CASTRO STATEMENT TO U.S. JOURNALISTS

AU301438 Belgrade Domestic Service in Serbo-Croation 1400 GMT 29 Sep 79 AU

[Text] Cuban President Fidel Castro has stated that in the last 17 years there have been absolutely no changes as regards the Soviet installations and personnel on Cuba. Washington is creating an artificial problem about this, Castro has told a group of U.S. journalists with whom he had a 1-hour conversation in Havana. He added that this is neither moral nor honest and least of all is it responsible.

TANJUG REPORTS VRHOVEC UN CONTACTS WITH FOREIGN COUNTERPARTS

Australian, Turkish, Iranian Ministers

LD281050 Belgrade TANJUG in English 0900 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] United Nations, Sept 28 (TANJUG)--Yogoslav Foreign Secretary Josip Vrhovec yesterday conferred with the Australian foreign minister on the international situation. During the talks, special attention was devoted to the crisis in Southeast Asia which, the two ministers agreed, can be overcome only on the basis of a political solution.

During the Vrhovec-Peacock meeting, economic relations between the developed and developing countries were also examined.

During the exchange of views on bilateral relations, the Australian foreign minister reasserted his government's readiness to take categoric measures in suppressing terrorist activity and organizations on its territory.

Yugoslav-Turkish economic, cultural and political cooperation were the main issues of the talks Vrhovec had with his Turkish colleague Okcun. The two ministers established vast possibilities to exist for further developing cooperation between the two countries.

During the meeting, the position of the developing countries in the light of the world economic crisis and the solution of these problems at regional and global level were discussed. Vrhovec and Okcun exchanged views also on the Cyprus question.

During the talks with Iranian Foreign Minister Yazdi both sides expressed interest in a further and successful development and expansion of relations between the two countries. Views were exchanged also on topical problems on the agenda of the U.N. General Assembly session. In this context, special attention was devoted to international security.

Vrhovec and Yazdi assessed as unacceptable interference in the internal affairs of other states and imposition of solutions by means of external intervention. The energy crisis was also discussed.

During the meeting between the Yugoslav and Finnish foreign ministers, special attention was devoted to preparations for the Madrid meeting of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe and the activity of neutral and non-aligned countries in these preparations.

During the Vrhovec-Varinen talks, the results of the recent, sixth non-aligned summit were also discussed as were topical questions on the agenda of the current U.N. General Assembly session.

King Husayn of Jordan

LD281054 Belgrade TANJUG in English 0902 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] United Nations, September 28 (TANJUG)--King Husayn of Jordan today received Yugoslav Federal Secretary for Foreign Affairs Josip Vrhovec.

Discussed were questions on the agenda of the current UN General Assembly session and, specifically, the Middle East question.

REPORTAGE ON GROUP OF 77 FINANCE MINISTERS MEETING

Zagreb Radio Report

LD291929 Zagreb Domestic Service in Serbo-Croatian 1400 GMT 29 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Petar Kostic, federal secretary for finance and head of the Yugoslav delegation at the Ministerial Conference of the Group of 77, addressed this morning's session of the conference. The conference is being held prior to the forthcoming assembly of the World Bank and the IMF. Predrag Smoljan reports from the Joint Editorial Office of the Yugoslav Radio and Television Stations:

The program of action adopted by the developing countries represents a broad range of proposed actions with the aim of overcoming the present unjust monetary and financial relations in the world. It defines the goals and principles of the reformed system which constitute the basis of the permanent strategy of the developing countries.

The document is an all-embracing one and contains an analytical appraisal and an operational section. The analysis presented in the program clearly shows that if the developed countries do not change their policy by means of special measures, the world economy will continue to stumble in the vicious circle of slow growth, unemployment, protectionism and instability in the monetary and financial spheres.

If this vicious circle is to be broken, the developed and developing countries must--in their own interests--create a successful international monetary system. The joint view of the Group of 77 is that this system should encourage the growth of employment and international trade and, in particular that it should support development in underdeveloped countries in the broader context of the establishment of the new international economic order.

Speaking at today's meetings, Federal Secretary for Finance Petar Kostic stressed that the Group of 77 had responded to the appeal made in the economic declaration of the sixth conference of nonalined countries, which stressed the significance of urgent action by nonalined and developing countries with the aim of establishing new economic relations in the world in the fields of economy, development and finance.

Kostic emphasized that the nonalined countries' adherence to the established principles and goals will be a proof of their constructive approach and of the significance which they attach to interdependence in the world economy.

In order to be effective at the meetings due to be held over the next few days, the developing countries have also prepared concrete proposals for direct action. These direct solutions represent a real answer to the critical situation in the world economy, especially in the developing countries, and also a step forward toward reforming the system on the basis of agreed lasting principles.

It is of great significance, the federal secretary for finance said, that the work of the Group of 77 has been crowned by a unified document which will have great influence on the forthcoming monetary and financial meetings with the developed countries, as well as on the substance of the talks to be held in the immediate future. To achieve this, the developing countries should demonstrate their unity and determination in all the forums where financial and monetary questions will be discussed, Petar Kostic concluded.

In this report we also note that at today's meeting the delegation of Pakistan proposed that the PLO delegation be accepted as an observer at the annual assembly of the World Bank and the IMF. The chairman of the ministerial meeting of the Group of 77, Petar Kostic, head of the Yugoslav delegation, was entrusted with passing this resolution--which was adopted by acclamation--to the annual assembly as a resolution of the Group of 77.

At the meeting of the ministers of finance of the Group of 77--which was described as historic by about 20 speakers, since this is the first time the ministers of finance of the developing countries have met--tribute was paid to our country for the successful preparation of all the meetings of the developing countries, including the one held today.

Kostic on PLO Attendance

LD301700 Belgrade TANJUG in English 1605 GMT 30 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Belgrade, September 30 (TANJUG)--At the press conference on the action programme of developing countries, several journalists asked why the Group of 77 seeks the observer status for the Palestine Liberation Organization at the World Bank-International Monetary Fund assembly.

The Washington POST correspondent returned several times to the question, insisting on being told "who has approved the arrival of a PLO delegation, where is it, and can its members be reached for talks."

The Palestine Liberation Organization is a fully fledged member of the "Group of 77," answered chairman of the Group Petar Kostic who heads the Yugoslav delegation to the forthcoming World Bank and IMF annual assembly. "The resolution which the 'Group of 77' adopted yesterday and (?on the) basis of which we will ask the assembly to enable the PLO delegation to attend the assembly as observer, is motivated by the need for the Palestinian people's representatives to be acquainted with the consideration in these international institutions of problems which concern the Palestinian people, in order to be able to influence the solving of these problems."

30 September Press Conference

LD302224 Belgrade TANJUG in English 2100 GMT 30 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Belgrade, September 30 (TANJUG)--The developing countries seek a greater role for themselves in the process of decision-making on the exchange rate regime, transfer of capital, conditions for obtaining credits from the International Monetary Fund and other vital international monetary and financial matters. In particular, they request the easing of conditions under which the fu approves loans to developing countries for the purpose of overcoming their balance of-payments difficulties.

This was stated at a press conference here today by Mexican Finance Minister David Ibarra Munoz and Yugoslav Federal Secretary for Finance Petar Kostic, who chaired the meetings of the Group of 24 and the Group of 77 developing countries, respectively. The finance ministers of developing countries met in Belgrade Friday and yesterday, first within the Group of 24, and then within the Group of 77.

David Ibarru Munoz and Kostic informed journalists about a programme of action for international monetary [word indistinct] worked out by the Group of 24 and adopted by the Group of 77, emphasizing that the draft contains the principles and frameworks for radical reform of the international monetary system. This programme of action, adopted unanimously yesterday by the finance ministers of more than 100 developing countries, will be presented to the chairman of the International Monetary Fund-World Bank assembly opening in Belgrade on Tuesday, the president of the bank and the managing director of the fund.

Kostic described the programme as not only defining the courses of major actions but also containing the complete strategy and tactics of developing countries for negotiations with the develo d countries on the international monetary reform.

David Ibarra Munoz pointed out that the developing countries had taken no stand on the developed countries' proposal for introducing the so-called substitution account which would make it possible to turn into special drawing rights the monetary reserves of some countries in U.S. dollars. According to the finance ministers of a number of developing countries, the studies on the so-called substitution account do not sufficiently elucidate this monetary measure or indicate its possible repercussions on the international money market. Moreover, the developing countries are apprehensive that the substitution account may adversely affect their development.

That is why they demand more studies on the effects of the introduction of the so-called substitution account.

TANJUG REPORTS ON 29 SEPTEMBER OPENING OF WARC IN GENEVA

LD292220 Belgrade TANJUG in English 2100 GMT 29 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Geneva, September 29 (TANJUG)--After a 3-day delay, a world conference on radio wave-length administration opened in Geneva today. Over 1,800 delegates from [words indistinct] participate in this biggest meeting on radio broadcasting in the past 20 years. The main task of the conference is the revision of international regulations on radio broadcasting, regulations which have the power of an international agreement.

The conference is an important international meeting which comes after the sixth non-aligned summit in Havana.

The unity of the non-aligned and their consistency in the implementation of Havana decisions was manifested during the three-day efforts to elect the conference chairman.

Today the need logically presents itself for the broadest international consultations and accords on a more equitable and rational use of radio wave lengths and the justified meeting of legitimate needs of the non-aligned and developing countries which demand equal participation in decision-making on and the use of radio wave lengths.

In view of the large number of proposals, it is expected that the conference can last until the end of the year, although it was scheduled to last 10 weeks.

The international regulations to be revised by the (?conference are to remain) in force until the year 2000 and perhaps even longer.

NONALINED NEWS AGENCIES' POOL CONFERENCE SET

LD291638 Belgrade TANJUG Domestic Service in Serbo-Croatian 1158 GMT 29 Sep 79 LD

[Excerpts] Belgrade--The second conference of the nonalined countries' news agencies' pool is to be held from the 22 to 24 November this year in Belgrade. This conference will be directly preceded by the fourth regular meeting of the pool's Coordination Committee on 19 and 20 November also in Belgrade.

It is envisaged that the work of the pool conference will take place in a plenum, with a general debate, and also in commissions for professional, technical and educational questions. The exact agenda for the conference will be determined later by the Coordination Committee, but it is already known that the conference will discuss, among other things, the need to change its statute, and it will also be called upon to elect members of the new Coordination Committee for the next 3-year period.

REPORTAGE ON VISIT OF BURMESE VICE PREMIER

Belgrade Economic Discussions

LD291733 Belgrade TANJUG in English 1658 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Belgrade, September 28 (TANJUG)--Economic cooperation between Yugoslavia and Burma is developing successfully. This is in accordance with long-standing friendly relations between the two countries. The joint Yugoslav-Burmese organizations project on opening mines and copper flotation in Burma is particularly successful. This was stressed (?today during) talks between Yugoslav Federal Executive Council member and Federal Secretary of Finance Petar Kostic and Burmese Vice Premier and Minister of Planning and Finance U Tun Tin.

The Burmese vice premier is on an official visit to Yugoslavia at the invitation of the Yugoslav Federal Executive Council.

In the talks the Burmese vice premier stressed that the aim of his visit is to seek new fields for further cooperation. Burma is primarily interested in buying ships and technology in this field in Yugoslavia with the possibility for cadre training in Yugoslav shipyards. He said that cooperation is possible in wood industry, too, since Burma exports teak and Yugoslavia has well-developed wood processing and furniture (?factories). Also, Burma has sufficient oil to cover its needs, as well as insufficiently prospected areas. This provides possibilities for establishing cooperation in this area, too.

Ikonic Reception

LD291737 Belgrade TANJUG in English 1716 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Belgrade, Sep 28 (TANJUG)--Yugoslav Vice Premier Branislav Ikonic today received Burmese Vice Premier U Tun Tin. U Tun Tin is heading his country's delegation on an official visit to Yugoslavia.

During the meeting, both sides expressed satisfaction with the successful development of relations between the two friendly and non-aligned countries and set out their interests in further developing bilateral relations.

The two sides assessed as favourable cooperation between the two countries at the international level and, especially, within the non-aligned movement and their joint engagement in the current (?situation) of changing international economic relations.

TALKS HELD WITH PERUVIAN FINANCE MINISTER

LD291720 Belgrade TANJUG in English 2110 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Excerpt] Belgrade, September 28, (TANJUG)--The successful cooperation of Yugoslavia and Peru in the sphere of capital development, notably the construction of the Chira-Piura hydro-electric power project, proves that distance between the two countries is no obstacle to successful development of their cooperation in the economic field.

This was stated during the talks here today between Yugoslav (?federal) Secretary for Finance Petar Kostic and Peruvian Minister of Economic and Finance Dr Javier Silva, who (?heads) his country's delegation to the preparatory meetings and the annual assembly of international financial institutions in Belgrade.

MACEDONIA'S POPOV RECEIVES POLAND'S OLSZEWSKI

LD270936 Belgrade TANJUG Domestic Service in Serbo-Croatian 1824 GMT 26 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Skopje--Plagoj Popov, president of the Macedonian Executive Council, today received the chairmen of the Intergovernmental Mixed Commission for Economic and Scientific-Technical Cooperation between Poland and Yugoslavia: Jerzy Olszewski, Polish minister for foreign trade and maritime economy, and Stojan Matkaliev, member of the Federal Executive Committee and president of the Federal Committee for Energy and Industry.

Popov was briefed on the results of the successfully completed regular session of the Yugoslav-Polish Mixed Commission on Economic and Scientific-Technical Cooperation, which was held in Skopje. Olszewski and Matkaliev gave a positive assessment to the realization of the program of goods exchange between the two countries, and within the scope of this, between the Socialist Republic of Macedonia and the People's Republic of Poland. The level achieved in this area, and also the overall economic development of the two countries--it was assessed--make possible further development of the contacts established, the creation of new ones and the furthering of existing cooperation. Genuine opportunities for this exist especially in metallurgy, power engineering, construction and other fields.

ROMANIAN LEADER TROFIN ARRIVES IN SERBIA 29 SEPTEMBER

LD292214 Belgrade TANJUG Domestic Service in Serbo-Croatian 1532 GMT 29 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Donji Milanovac--Virgil Trofin, deputy chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Socialist Republic of Romania, arrived in Serbia today on a 3-day official visit at the invitation of Petar Stambolic, president of the Executive Council of the Serbian Assembly.

The guest will visit the Elektronska Industrija enterprise in Nis, where he will have talks on mutual cooperation in the production of color television sets. He will then visit the "14 October" enterprise in Krusevac.

Talks on economic cooperation will be held in Belgrade on Monday. The deputy chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Socialist Republic of Romania is accompanied by Nicolae Mihai, ambassador of the Socialist Republic of Romania in Belgrade.

CONGRATULATIONS SENT TO PRC OFFICIALS ON 30TH ANNIVERSARY

Tito Congratulates Hua

LD301432 Belgrade TANJUG Domestic Service in Serbo-Croatian 1030 GMT 30 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Belgrade--Josip Broz Tito, president of the republic and of the LCY has sent the following telegram to Hua Guofeng, chairman of the CCP Central Committee and premier of the PRC State Council:

On the occasion of the 30th jubilee anniversary of the proclamation of the PRC, I send to you, to the CCP Central Committee, to the PRC Government and to the friendly Chinese people on behalf of the peoples of Yugoslavia, the LCY and on my own behalf most cordial greetings and warm wishes for fresh successes in the all-round development and socialist construction of the PRC.

On this occasion, I should also like to stress that I am deeply convinced that friendly relations and cooperation between our two socialist countries, as well as between the LCY and the CCP, will continue to be promoted and expanded, which is not only in the interest of our peoples, but also in the interest of better understanding, general advancement, the development of socialism and the strengthening of peace in the world.

Djuranovic Congratulates Hua

LD301434 Belgrade TANJUG Domestic Service in Serbo-Croatian 1039 GMT 30 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Belgrade--Veselin Djuranovic, president of the Federal Executive Council, has sent the following telegram to Hua Guofeng, premier of the PRC State Council, on the occasion of the PRC national holiday:

On the occasion of the 30th jubilee anniversary of the proclamation of the PRC, I send to you and to the State Council of the PRC on behalf of the Federal Executive Council and on my own behalf, cordial greetings and best wishes for continued progress and socialist development in the PRC.

I am sure that friendly relations and comprehensive cooperation between the SFRY and the PRC will also continue to develop successfully in the interest of the peoples of our two socialist countries, as well as in the interest of peace and socialism in the world.

Trade Unions Greetings

LD302356 Belgrade TANJUG Domestic Service in Serbo-Croatian 1055 GMT 30 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Belgrade--The Council of the Yugoslav Federation of Trade Unions has sent the following telegram to the All-China Federation of Trade Unions:

"On the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the People's Republic of China, we send you and all trade union members the sincerest greetings and best wishes for further success in the socialist construction of your country. Also on this occasion, we would like to express our satisfaction with the successful development of friendly cooperation between our trade unions and our conviction that the cooperation will continue to develop successfully in the interests of the working classes and peoples of our two socialist countries and for the cause of peace, progress and socialism in the world."

PRESIDENT TITO SENDS NATIONAL DAY GREETINGS TO YAR

LD271425 Belgrade BORBA in Serbo-Croatian 26 Sep 79 p 1 AU

[Text] Belgrade, TANJUG 25 September--President of the Republic Josip Broz Tito has sent the following telegram to 'Ali 'Abdallah Salih, president of the State Council of the Yemen Arab Republic:

"On the occasion of the national day of the Yemen Arab Republic, it is with pleasure that I send to your excellency, on behalf of the peoples of Yugoslavia and on my own behalf, cordial congratulations and best wishes for the well-being and progress of the friendly people of your country."

TITO RECEIVES MARKOVIC BEFORE LATTER'S DEPARTURE FOR ALGERIA

LD291500 Belgrade TANJUG Domestic Service in Serbo-Croatian 1058 GMT 29 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Tara--President of the Republic Josip Broz Tito has received Dragoslav Markovic, president of the SFRY Assembly, before the latter's departure for the Democratic and Popular Republic of Algeria. Markovic will be leading a Yugoslav parliamentary delegation on an official friendly visit.

VIENNA DAILY ON CARDINAL KOENIG'S VISIT TO SERB PATRIARCH

AU281309 Vienna DIE PRESSE in German 28 Sep 79 p 2 AU

[DIE PRESSE correspondent Christine von Kohl reports from Belgrade: "Cardinal Koenig Broke the Spell--Serbia's Patriarch for Drawing Closer Together"]

[Excerpts] Cardinal Koenig's visit to Serbia opens up new possibilities for beginning an ecumenical dialog between the Catholic and the Serbian Orthodox Churches. In meetings with Yugoslav politicians the good relations between the two states were also stressed. The cardinal, who spent 5 days in Serbia at the invitation of the Serbian Orthodox Patriarch, returns to Vienna today.

Cardinal Koenig also met Yugoslav Deputy Prime Minister Ivo Margan and the vice president of the Republic of Serbia, Branko Pesic.

It can obviously be concluded that on the political level the presently favorable Austrian-Yugoslav relations created the prerequisite for the invitation to Cardinal Koenig to visit Yugoslavia. Moreover, the dynamic Eastern churches policy of John Paul II has surely not remained without effect on the Orthodox Church of Serbia. In view of an universal activation of the churches in communist countries this church, too, will have an interest in not standing aside, in not being isolated.

TANJUG REPORTS ON TITO 30 SEPTEMBER TRAVEL

Departure From Tara

LD301438 Belgrade TANJUG Domestic Service in Serbo-Croatian 0919 GMT 30 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Titovo Uzice--After a stay of several days in Tara, Josip Broz Tito, president of the republic and of the LCY, passed through Titovo Uzice today. From Tara, through Kremna, Sljivovica and Susica and right up to the Krcagovo railway station, Comrade Tito was seen off by more than 50,000 citizens and working people, pioneers and young people from the Titovo Uzice area.

The departure at Krcagovo railway station was cordial and magnificent. Comrade Tito was wished a good journey by Miloje Milovanovic, president of the Titovo Uzice Municipal Assembly; Balsa Govedarica, secretary of the League of Communists Municipal Committee; Radislav Zecevic, president of the Inter-Municipal Assembly of the Titovo Uzice Regional Community; and Radisa Gacic, president of the Titovo Uzice League of Communists Inter-Municipal Conference.

Also with President Tito in the "Blue Train," which left Krcagovo railway station at 0950 precisely, were Dobrivoje Vidic, president of the Presidency of the Socialist Republic of Serbia; Dr Tihomir Vlaskalic, president of the Serbia League of Communists Central Committee; and Army Gen Nikola Ljubicic, federal secretary for national defense.

Prior to entering the train, President Tito was presented with bouquets of flowers by Dijana Pilcevic, pupil of the sixth class at the Braca Jecmenica basic school, and Veljo Sibalic, pupil of the fifth class at the Nada Matic basic school.

Arrival in Belgrade

LD301350 Belgrade TANJUG Domestic Service in Serbo-Croatian 1204 GMT 30 Sep 79 LD

[Text] Belgrade--President of the Republic Josip Broz Tito returned to Belgrade shortly before 1300 today after a 10-day visit to Tara. President Tito was accompanied by Dobrivoje Vidic, president of the Presidency of the Socialist Republic of Serbia; Dr Tihomir Vlaskalic, president of the Serbia League of Communists Central Committee; and Army Gen Nikola Ljubicic, federal secretary for national defense.

FEDERAL EXECUTIVE COUNCIL DISCUSSES ECONOMIC POLICY

LD291606 Belgrade TANJUG Domestic Service in Serbo-Croatian 1705 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Excerpts] Belgrade--As reported by the Federal Secretariat for Information, the Federal Executive Council at its session today, which was presided over by Vice President Zvone Dragan, discussed several questions of current economic policy, the federal budget and relations with other countries.

The council discussed and received material from the Federal Institute for Social Planning on the basic questions of establishing an economic and social policy in connection with adopting the resolution on the realization of the social plan of Yugoslavia for the period 1976 to 1980.

Also discussed was material from the Federal Secretariat for Foreign Trade on basic ways of stimulating foreign currency income through exports which, together with the coordinated views, suggestions and proposals of the competent federal organs, will be sent to the interested community of Yugoslavia for economic relations with other countries, in the framework of which a self-management agreement by organizations of associated labor in this sphere should be adopted.

Janislav Vehovar, republican under secretary in the Executive Council of the Assembly of the Socialist Republican of Slovenia, was appointed under secretary in the Federal Executive Council at today's session.

MACEDONIAN PRESIDENCY DISCUSSES ECONOMIC POLICY

LD291630 Belgrade TANJUG Domestic Service in Serbo-Croatian 1756 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Excerpts] Skopje--At its session today, the Presidency of the Socialist Republic of Macedonia decided that Ljupco Arsov, member of the Presidency of the Socialist Republic of Macedonia, should carry out the duties of the president of the Presidency of the Socialist Republic of Macedonia [following the death of Vidoje Smilevski] until a new president is elected.

At today's session, the Presidency of Macedonia discussed topical problems on the realization of economic relations with other countries and policy on prices during this year. It was also acquainted with economic trends in the past period. It was noted that certain positive results have been achieved in economic development, but that trends in the sphere of economic relations with other countries and in the sphere of prices have shown deviations from the situation envisaged by the resolution for the realization of the social plan in the Socialist Republic of Macedonia this year.

The republican Presidency of Macedonia also emphasized the need for the immediate adoption of an import substitution program as well as for cutbacks of imported raw materials and reproduction materials and for a solution to be found for supplementing the system of stimulating the export of goods by means of a special program with specific measures and criteria.

As regards trends in prices, the Macedonian Presidency noted that this year there has been a clear deviation from the agreed policy on prices, which has had an unfavorable effect on economic movements and the agreed policy of economic stabilization. Therefore, the Presidency of the Socialist Republic of Macedonia considers that measures for putting a ceiling on prices represent a further effort to stabilize the market and prices.

At today's session, the Presidency of the Socialist Republic of Macedonia discussed proposals for awards and made decisions on appeals for mercy.

MACEDONIA'S ECONOMY SHOWS FAVORABLE TRENDS

AU291635 Skopje NOVA MAKEDONIJA in Macedonian 19 Sep 79 p 3 AU

[T. Ivanovski article: "The Macedonian Economy in the First 6 Months of this Year: Improved Financial Results"]

[Text] The achievements in material production this year have contributed to the attainment of improved financial results compared with the first half of last year. According to the final data of the social accounting service of Macedonia, overall revenue, income and net income show a high level of increase. In this connection, it is also encouraging that the economies in the expenditures of material means have improved, that the income of the organizations of associated labor in the republic has increased and positive changes have also been noticed in the distribution of income. All this has contributed to the fact that, after a long period of stagnation and decline, the accumulative and reproductive capability of the Macedonian economy increased this year.

At the end of June, overall revenue increased 36 percent and the first results show that this increase is the result of an increase in prices, but also of increased sales which, due to the good economic situation, have reduced the stocks of products. More favorable relations between overall revenue and spendings have contributed, despite the pressure on prices because of production costs, to a relatively higher increase in income than in overall revenue. Income has increased 38 percent due mostly to industry and transport. The greatest increase was noted in the production of nonferrous metals. In this field income increased 222 percent and the greatest merit for this increase goes to the lead and zinc smelting plant of Titov Veles which, after operating at a loss for several years, had positive financial results for the first time this year.

The first analyses show that the positive tendencies in the distribution of income also continue. Thus, the allocation of income for financing general and common needs lags behind the increase in the distribution of income. In this way that part of income which is kept by the organizations of associated labor has increased this time. All this made it possible for net income to increase 39 percent in the first half of this year. In this connection, after a number of years, it was noted that in the distribution of income the allocation of funds for expanding the material basis of labor was much more intensive than earlier.

Finally, although this year losses showed an increase of 13 percent, losses were incurred in fewer organizations than last year. However, because of a dynamic increase in income, the relationship between losses and income was more favorable.

It is worth stressing that in comparison with the results achieved by the Yugoslav economy as a whole, the financial results achieved by the economic operations in the republic are better. This can be seen both in a greater increase in production and in an increase of overall revenue, income and net income as well as in a reduced increase in losses.

ARSOV NOMINATED CANDIDATE FOR MACEDONIA'S PRESIDENCY PRESIDENT

AU281458 Belgrade POLITIKA in Serbo-Croatian 27 Sep 79 p 6 AU

[TANJUG report]

[Summary] At its session yesterday the Presidium of the SAWP Republican Conference of Macedonia nominated Ljupco Arsov as a possible candidate for the post of president of the Presidency of Macedonia. Ljupco Arsov is now member of the Presidency of the Socialist Republic of Macedonia.

Members of the republican Conference Presidium of the SAWP of Macedonia also nominated Filip Brajkovski, president of the republican Committee of the Veterans Association of Macedonia, as candidate for member of the Presidency of the Socialist Republic of Macedonia.

LCY EXECUTIVE SECRETARIES DISCUSS DEFENSE, SELF-PROTECTION

AU291640 Belgrade POLITIKA in Serbo-Croatian 27 Sep 79 p 5 AU

[Text] Sarajevo, 26 September TANJUG--The position of the 11th LCY Congress on the further strengthening of unity, mutual linkage and mutual permeation of social self-defense and all-people's defense as irreplaceable functions in the defense of the independence and territorial integrity of our country and for the protection of the constitutional system from all kinds of threats, is being successfully realized in daily practice at all levels of the society, ranging from the federal organs to the basic organizations of associated labor and local communities. This was assessed yesterday at a meeting of the executive secretaries of the presidiums of the League of Communists of the republics and provinces charged with all-people's defense and social self-protection which was held, as part of a 2-day visit of secretaries to Bosnia-Hercegovina, in Sarajevo.

Vojo Colovic, member of the Central Committee Presidium of the League of Communists of Bosnia-Hercegovina, and Col Gen Mirko Vranic, member of the LCY Central Committee and commander of the staff of the territorial defense of this republic, also participated in the work of this meeting.

BOSNIA-HERCEGOVINA LC SESSION DISCUSSES FOREIGN PROPAGANDA WORK

LD290605 Belgrade TANJUG Domestic Service in Serbo-Croatian 1603 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Excerpts] Sarajevo--At its session today under the chairmanship of Nikola Stojanovic, the Presidium of the Bosnia-Hercegovina League of Communists Central Committee discussed the realization of League of Communists tasks in carrying out our information activity in relation to other countries, as well as some topical questions relating to foreign propaganda. The discussion took place on the basis of material prepared by the three presidium commissions concerned with international relations and cooperation, social self-protection and League of Communists activity in connection with Yugoslav workers living abroad. The introductory report was presented by Zivko Babic, executive secretary of the presidium.

Particular emphasis was laid on the obligation of communists in information, publishing and film work and organizations and bodies concerned with international scientific, cultural and educational cooperation and trade to contribute--by means of programmed activity--to the better and even more complete realization of tasks in informing the foreign public and (?nurturing) the self-protection component in these activities.

In this context, it was also pointed out that there is a need for better and more efficient information for our citizens abroad, since by constantly enriching communication forms and contents with them, we also contribute to informing the public of the countries in which our poeple live and temporarily work.

TANJUG REPORTS SERBIAN SAWP REPUBLICAN CONFERENCE SESSION

LD281835 Belgrade TANJUG Domestic Service in Serbo-Croation 1421 GMT 28 Sep 79 LD

[Excerpt] Belgrade--In view of its method of operating as a front and the delegate principle employed in the constitution of its organs and operational forms, the Socialist Alliance, through the development of collective work and responsibility and the consistent implementation of the initiative of Comrade Tito, is bound to gain in effectiveness, it was stressed at today's session of the Serbian SAWP Republican Conference. The session examined the Socialist Alliance's efforts to realize Comrade Tito's initiative in collective work, joint responsibility and the introduction of the 1-year mandate for the president.

Accepting the information on these efforts, the delegates of the republic conference adopted at today's session changes and amendments to the statute of the Serbian SAWP and decisions regarding the composition and electoral method of republican conference organs. The adopted changes and amendments to these documents envisage a considerable reduction in the number of members in the presidium. In view of the fact that the presidium is becoming the political executive organ of the republican conference, the number is being reduced from 71 to 29 with a view to increasing efficiency. At the same time the need no longer exists for forming a presidium secretariat, as the presidium will itself carry out the affairs which the secretariat has attended to. The presidium elects from its own members a secretary of the presidium with a mandate of 2 years. The Socialist Alliance Republican Conference elects the president of the republican conference from the ranks of the presidium with a 1-year mandate.

In view of the new role and organization of the SAWP Republican Conference Presidium, the function of vice president is being abolished. As regards the republican conference's operational forms, as a rule the president's mandate will last 2 years, as will that of the presidents of the local Socialist Alliance conferences.

Talking about the broader public discussion held in the republic on the organization of the SAWP, Salih Nusi, vice president of the republican conference, stressed that this discussion showed that it was the permanent task of the Socialist Alliance to develop, together with its political activity, the spirit of Tito's initiative in mutual relations in the front of the Socialist Alliance. Nusi said that through the consistent realization of collective work all the organizations in the front, its organs and operational forms will be even more responsible to the working people and citizens in accordance with their demands and initiatives, and thereby implement more effectively the agreed policy.

It was stressed in the discussion that personal and collective responsibility does not mean an anonymous listing of oversights, but rather the clear, individual and joint responsibility of all those who take part in the adoption of the decisions.